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Hardware,
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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1893. NO. 35.

Something New.

As the unfavorable state of the weather has prevented many people from getting out, we will continue until the end of the month our **Special Sale of Silverware and Clocks at 30 per cent. off,** as well as the additional line of

Diamonds,
Gold and Silver Watches,
And Fine Jewellery,
At 20 per cent. off.

These are all new and well assorted goods and at the regular price are bargains. Taken now they are at a price with which none can compete, and all goods sold by us are guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Next door to Kerr & Begg's. 47 Government St.,

ALL FINE GOODS MANUFACTURED ON THE PREMISES. THE MOST DIFFICULT WATCH REPAIRS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO AT VERY MODERATE RGES.

BEST
Northfield Coal.

Everyone can get the Best Coal in quantity AT PORTER'S WHARF. Apply to Capt. E. McCoskrie, or Jasper P. Birch, agent on the wharf, Telephone 46.

PRICE---$7 per Ton, delivered to any part of the City. Full weight guaranteed.

Orders left at Capt. Clark's, Telephone No. 110; or at J. Haggarty's, 204 Yates Street.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to
F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

TROUT LAKE CITY
WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE will be placed on the market shortly. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The first 100 Lots will be sold for $200 for corners, $150 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.
Or to HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

WILD ATLANTIC'S WRATH.

Allan Liner Pomeranian Beaten Back to Port With an Awful Death Roll.

Captain Dalziel Hurled from the Bridge by a Sea and Fatally Crushed.

Six of the Crew and Five Cabin Passengers Washed Overboard and Drowned.

GLASGOW, Feb. 11.—The Allan line steamer Pomeranian, which left Glasgow on January 27th, for New York, has returned to Greenock after losing a number of her crew and passengers in a severe storm. On the morning of the fourth inst., the vessel was 1200 miles from Glasgow when she encountered weather unusually severe. Seas swept the decks, carrying everything before them like avalanches. Captain Dalziel was swept from his post on the bridge, was dashed against the bulwarks and died the following day from his injuries. First and Second Officers Hamilton and Cook were drowned and two quartermasters, a steward from the first cabin and one from the second cabin, with five first-class passengers also perished by drowning. Two seamen named McLean and Urquhart were also drowned shortly afterwards. The third officer acted promptly to save the steamer and her human freight from further calamity. All the instruments for navigating the vessel were swept away. The vessel returned slowly to Greenock, the survivors being in a very exhausted condition after their terrible experience.

The ship arrived at Greenock this morning. Some of the passengers were bound for Montreal. The Allan Line officers were unable to furnish fuller details at the time this dispatch was forwarded. The names of the passengers are unknown as yet, but will be cabled to-night. Captain Dalziel was well-known in Montreal, and had many friends who will be pained to hear of his untimely end. The Pomeranian is one of the Allan Line steamers which ran between this port and Glasgow last season, carrying principally freight.

Duluth's Good Fortune.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 11.—It is officially announced that the Great Northern will begin in the summer an extension from Crookston, Minn., across the Red River Country to Duluth. The opening of this division will be of great benefit to Duluth; it will make a shorter line from that city to the granaries of the Northwest. This will give Duluth mills an immense amount of business which now goes to Minnesota.

Snow Twenty-Five Feet Deep.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 11.—For the first time in two weeks all the trains on the Union and Northern Pacific railways are reported on time. The blockade is broken and freight is moving in all directions. Some drifts were twenty-five feet high and men had to go ahead of the rotary with picks and crowbars and smash the crust so that the rotary could take hold. After the worst was passed the rotary came through drifts eight to fifteen feet high, making about four miles an hour.

No Use For The Fair.

TRINIDAD, Feb. 11.—The Gazette, a semi-official newspaper at Trinidad opposes any exhibition of the resources of the Island at the Chicago fair. It says that the £3000 vote for this purpose will be a useless expenditure of money. The exhibits from British Guiana will leave Georgetown soon. They will go by the New Canal Rail line, via Halifax.

Meredith is Mum.

TORONTO, Feb. 11.—Mr. Meredith's intentions regarding the Opposition leadership and acceptance of a position on the bench are still a mystery. He refused to talk when interviewed. He said: "I have nothing to say, I am not responsible for what newspapers note. There is no occasion for me to say anything."

Liberal Contributions.

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 11.—Mr. Kinghorn, canvasser for the Macdonald memorial fund, returned from Port Hope yesterday where he had been for several weeks. He says the contributions to the fund are very liberal.

No More Concessions.

PANAMA, Feb. 11.—The remonstrance against further concessions to the Panama Canal Co., has been signed by 500 of the leading Colombian citizens residing in the Isthmus. It has been forwarded to the Colombian government at Bogota.

Charged with Manslaughter.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Feb. 11.—Jas. Stevens, of Thorold, who accidentally shot and killed John G. Walker, of Merriton, was committed for trial at Welland yesterday on a charge of manslaughter.

Talk of Lynching Him.

ANDERSON, Ind., Feb. 11.—Pat Ryan shot and fatally wounded Miss Borrowman here this morning. There is talk of lynching Ryan.

DESERVING INDIANS ASSISTED.

Agent Devlin Helped no Bad Indians—A Hoodlum Tormentor of Chinamen.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 11.—It must be stated in justice to Indian Agent Devlin that he assisted all the Indians worthy of support and refused only those who were living by prostitution.

The Grand Lodge, I.O.O.F., closed at 12 o'clock last night, all the officers being installed. Officers elected and installed are as follows: Grand Marshal, L. Consens, Dominion lodge, No. 4, Victoria; Grand Conductor, W. H. Gardner, Royal City lodge, No. 13, Westminster; Grand Guardian, S. A. Cawley, Excelsior, No. 7, Chilliwack; Herald Mitchell, Harmony, No. 6, Wellington; Grand Cpaplain, W. H. Morton, Black Diamond, No. 5, Nanaimo.

A tough named Murchison was stabbed twice in the back yesterday afternoon by Lee Sing, a Chinaman whom he and a large crowd of other hoodlums were snowballing in Chinatown. Lee Sing was charged with the offense this morning and liberated on $50 cash bail.

The Central high school, which was closed owing to defective apparatus, opens again on Monday.

OTTAWAA NEWS.

Le Spectateur's Editor Sued for Libel—Canada's Military Deficiencies.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 11.—At the annual meeting of the Parliamentary press gallery to-day, Mr. Fred. Cook of the Toronto Empire was elected president and Mr. A. J. Magurn of the Montreal Witness vice-president. Mr. W. J. Healy of the Toronto Mail was re-elected secretary.

Mr. Napoleon Page, editor and proprietor of Le Spectateur, Hull, has been served with a warrant informing him that ex-Mayor Chapagne has entered an action against him for $5000 on the ground of having published certain libellous articles, reflecting upon the character of that gentleman, in December, when he filled the position of mayor of that city. This is the second action that has been brought against Mr. Page during the past three weeks.

In the House of Commons to-day J. C. Patterson, Minister of Militia, announced that the Government acting on the advice of Major-General Herbert, proposed reorganizing the entire military system of the country. The report of the general, recently made public, asserts that the gross mismanagement of the department of militia had brought the volunteer militia force into a state of military impotence. The system of awarding contracts for militia supplies was pronounced corrupt and scandalous. The Minister of Militia proposes to adopt a new system of awarding contracts and to reduce the number of volunteer corps and aim at a greater degree of efficiency. It was also stated that in the near future the entire volunteer militia force would be armed with the latest improved weapons. More attention will be paid to schools for military instruction, and all officers will be required to obtain certificates of fitness before being granted commissions.

A Trait of Bishop Brooks.

It was one of the distinguished characteristics of the late Bishop that he had no patience with the pettiness and triviality which seem to be the meat and drink of a great many people. He felt, as all great men feel, that there is something nobler and better in life, and something more and better to do than to keep alive little animosities and to make much of the mistakes and errors through which people lose their way in the discharge of their duty. Nothing made Bishop Brooks more angry than the pigheadedness and stupidity of laymen in the Episcopal Church who undertook to play boss in dealing with their clergy. Nothing angered him more than pettiness and triviality in a clergyman himself, and those who knew him best say that his indignation on these occasions was always at a white heat. When he was angry he was angry all over, and it was then that his feelings got the better of him and he hit out from the shoulder and gave clergymen or laymen, as the case may be, an honest piece of his mind. Nearly all great men have had these limitations in others to deal with and have found them more provoking than anything else. Bishop Brooks had his full share of them in his brief episcopate, but his love of men always rose superior to his censures, and he forgave the smallness of others even when he was most indignant at their conduct.—Boston Herald.

Under the Fire By-Law.

D. McPhadden, manager of the British Columbia Cattle company, has been summoned under the fire by-law. In the rear of the company's premises, corner of Government and Yates Sts. are said to be dangerous premises. The case will be heard on Tuesday in in the police court.

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.

Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate, by addressing C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, and get free samples with directions.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Drink Tamilkande.

COLONISTS IN MEXICO.

Deplorable Condition to Which Settlers of Topolobampo Have Been Reduced.

Chinese Diplomatic Changes—Gen. Booth in a Fix—Oregon Stock Doing Well.

Canada's Cattle Trade—Anarchists Found Guilty—Colombia in Danger.

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 11.—Wm. Hanks, of Cleveland, arrived in this city to-day from Topolobampo, Mexico. He relates a story of the American colony in that republic that differs greatly from the pictures that have been sent out before. A portion of his story is given in his own words.

"I joined the Topolobampo colony last summer and started for there in August, leaving my family in Cleveland until I had made a home for them. I arrived at Guayamas early in September and finding no boat ready to depart for two weeks, made arrangements to go the 112 miles overland. I found a member of the colony in Guayamas who had come up after provisions, but found none, the manager having failed to forward supplies. I purchased flour and salt meats and went with him. We arrived at Pacific City the fourth day, and stopping at his tent found that his wife and daughter had been without food for two days. The rest of the colonists, some seventy in number, were not in a much better condition. I remained there a week, and then went over to the larger colony where I found more than 300 Americans on the farms along the La Puerte river. I found men there working in the fields wearing nothing but breech clouts and sandals made of rawhide, looking as though life and ambition had long since been lost. The women worp, as a rule, a single garment of calico, with sandals on their feet, while children of 10 and under were running about entirely naked but for a covering of straw on their heads. None of these families had anything to eat except corn meal, musty and sour, and bad bacon. The colony could eat in a month everything that could be grown upon the cultivated land in a year. I found two factions, a small one acting with the manager apparently, well supplied, but at least 400 Americans who live in tents and straw shacks, although they had been there two or three years, some of them longer. I did not see a cent of lawful money except what I took. Several of the men told me they had not a dollar in two years, and having no one to whom they could send, they were forced to remain, being practically slaves. I remained in the colony until the 28th of January, when I left for home, having had enough of American colonization in a Mexican desert. I never witnessed such scenes of destitution and suffering in my life. Men who had been strong were broken in body and spirit, and unable to get away; the women were in an even worse condition, and their lot was much more unendurable, for they had no conveniences, let alone luxuries."

Mr. Hanks refused to say to whom the blame belonged and would not condemn anybody.

Chinese Diplomatic Changes.

WASHINGTON, Feb 11.—Mr. Tsui Kwo Yin, the Chinese minister to this country and Peru, is to be relieved from his duties and the name of his successor is announced in a cablegram from the Emperor of China received to-day at the Chinese legation, Mr. Yang Yu, at present collector of customs at the port of Wuh. Mr. Yang has been in the service of his government for many years, and is said to be a man of great ability and wealth. He has never before held any diplomatic office and owes his appointment to his record as an honest, capable official of the customs department. Ever since Mr. Blair's rejection by the Chinese government as minister from the United States the emperor has been very much dissatisfied with Mr. Tsui. Newspapers containing charges against him were sent to the emperor, and he had an investigation made last summer in Peking, the result of which was that it was decided to recall him, and Mr. Yang was finally decided on as his successor. He will leave China in two weeks, and is expected to assume the duties of his new office early in April. Mr. Tsui will go back to China. He will probably be permanently retired from diplomatic duty, and perhaps be banished to the northern limits of the Chinese empire, or some other method taken to disgrace him.

Canada's Cattle Trade.

TORONTO, Feb. 11.—Ald. Crawford at the cattle market this morning, was asked his opinion on the way the Canadian trade would be affected by the order to quarantine Canadian cattle, and said: "The regulations simply allow the Canadian steamship companies to squeeze us if they want to. I do not think they will materially alter the number of head shipped from Canada, but the cost of transportation will be higher and to meet this higher freight, the cattle dealers will have to buy the cattle at a lower figure, so the order will come hardest on the farmers."

"The increase in freight will be the only result of the order," said Mr. Levack. "The local trade between Canada and the States has been small during the last ten years, and this will not affect it much. We never shipped much through Boston, but now that we cannot do so, the Allan line will put up their freight if they are short of space."

Jas. Wilson thought the effect of the order would be bad on Canadian trade. He said: "It leaves the cattlemen at the mercy of the St. Lawrence steamship owners."

"I wish the ministers of agriculture for the Dominion and the province would visit our stable on the Don," said Ald. Frankland. "We can show them a stable of 500 head of cattle that can compare favorably with any in America or Great Britain. No better evidence can be advanced than this that no disease exists among our stock."

Revolution Probable in Colombia.

CURACOA, W. I., Feb. 11.—News has been received here from the southern province of the United States of Colombia which indicates that a serious outbreak against the Colombian government may be expected at any time. The riots in Bogota have been followed by troubles in various portions of the department Cundinamara, of which Bogota de Santa Fe is the capital. Citizens of the department are making a violent protest against the arbitrary acts of the Government, and the entire department will be placed under martial law. An outbreak is also expected in the state of Santander, where the citizens are probably better prepared for revolution than in any other part of the Colombian republic. There is considerable discontent in the departments of Bolivar and Cuaca, and shrewd observers believe a revolution will soon be declared in all parts of Colombia.

Oregon Stock Wintered Well.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 11.—Reports from all parts of eastern Oregon show that cattle and sheep are in good condition, notwithstanding the severe storm just ended. Stockmen have a good supply of fodder, and could feed a month longer if necessary. Open winters are the rule in that part of the state, and hitherto stock have found plenty of pasture without drawing on the winter supplies, but the experience of several years ago, when over half of all the herds in Oregon perished during the severe winter has taught stockmen a lesson. In some parts of eastern Washington stockmen have not been so wise; in Grand Coulee there is a crust on the snow which cuts the horses' legs when they paw for grass. Soon these wounds grow severe and they are unable to get food. Probably a heavy loss will be experienced from this cause unless spring opens quickly.

Anarchists Found Guilty.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 11.—At the opening of the court this morning, the sealed verdict of the jury in the case of Bauer and Nold, anarchists, charged with being accessories of Berkmann in the shooting of Chairman Frick was read, finding them guilty as indicted. Their attorney made a motion for a new trial on account of errors and the motion was held over for argument.

Arrival of the Overdue Tauric.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The overdue White Star line steamer Tauric, from Liverpool, with Col. North's race horses on board, arrived this morning, all well.

HOBSON'S CHOICE.

The Matter Referred to an English Authority—Trades and Labor Council.

VANCOUVER, Feb. 11.—The captive bear in Stanley Park was shot yesterday because he became cross and the city would not bear the expense of building safe quarters for him.

Rev. H. P. Hobson has referred the cancellation of his license to preach to an English authority on ecclesiastical law. He will hold a meeting on Sunday morning. Part of Christ Church congregation are endeavoring to rent a building previously occupied by them, with the object of calling an evangelical Episcopal clergyman. Notwithstanding their apparent want of success Bishop Sillitoe's annual report shows that the contributions per member were the largest in the diocese.

M. Manson has been appointed postmaster on Cortey island.

The Trades and Labor Council declined last night to support cumulative voting. Mr. Corbould will be asked to support Charlton's bill to adopt provincial voters' lists for Dominion elections.

A report is current here that all the sheep on the Lester-Kaye farms in Alberta perished in the recent storms.

GUSHING WATER PIPES.

Some Damage for the Company to Repair. A Heavy Wages Roll.

NANAIMO, Feb. 11.—Now that a thaw has set in, the waterworks company will find the task of repairing the damage done to the pipes a hard one. On the main streets the water is spouting from broken pipes in all directions, and is assisting the rain in carrying off the snow.

Dr. Bell Campbell fell from his horse yesterday, while endeavoring to get into the saddle, and was injured. The accident was caused by the breaking of one of the girths.

A Japanese boy belonging to the steamer Hounslow deserted the vessel on Thursday night, but was promptly caught by Constable McKinnon yesterday and handed over to the captain.

The amateur dramatic company of New Westminster will appear in the opera house on Monday night in a play entitled "A Dead Shot." The company have offered to place themselves at the disposal of any charitable institution in the city, after Lent.

The noon train from Victoria yesterday ran down and killed a fine deer on Nanaimo river bridge.

The pay roll of the New V. C. Co. today is reported to be nearly $100,000.

The ladies of the Epworth League will give an "at home" in the lecture room, on Feb. 21st. The League have several interesting events on their programme for this year, among there are "Sitting of the Royal Commission" on March 7th—Romance of Nanaimo, with magic lantern illustrations by Rev. W. W. Baer; the last on the list being a "Trial by Jury."

Summonses have been issued for the grand and petit juries for the special assize to be held here on Thursday next.

Complete house furnishings in great variety at Weller Bros.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

✠ ✠ ✠ ✠ J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Public Health Bill Brings Up the the Smallpox Question in the House.

Attorney-General Davie Tells How He Saved the People of the Province.

NINTH DAY.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1893.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Prayers by Rev. P. McF. McLeod.

PETITIONS.

The following petitions were presented:

By Mr. Cotton from Sir Donald A. Smith and others, for a private bill in reference to conveyance.

By Mr. Horne, from Whetham college directors, for incorporation.

By Mr. Brown, from the Anglican bishop of New Westminster, asking for incorporation of his society.

By Mr. Brown, from the Catholic bishop of New Westminster, asking for incorporation.

The following petitions were received:

From "The Corporation of the City of Vancouver" for a private bill to amend their Corporate Act.

From John Hendry, D. J. Munn and Alexander Ewen, for a private bill, re railway along Kootenay River to Kootenay Lake.

From C. D. Rand, A. W. Vowell and F. S. Barnard for a private bill, re ship canal, Pitt River to Burrard Inlet.

From Andrew Holman, E. E. Wootton and F. C. Dunlevy, for a private bill to incorporote "The Osoyoos and Okanagan Railway Company."

From J. R. Robertson, J. B. McKillican and H. G. Ashby, for a private bill to incorporate "The Bedlington and West Kootenay Railway Company."

From the Right Hon. Baron Castletown and others, for a private bill, re gulf cable and telephone line.

From Thomas Dunn and others, for a private bill to incorporate "The Vancouver Smelting and Mining Compay." Ruled out of order.

From Joseph Hall, J. F. Betts, and others, for a private bill to incorporate "The British Columbia College."

From J. Rogers, J. T. G. Campbell, and others, for a private bill to incorporate "The Young Men's Christian Association of Vancouver, B.C."

From P. C. Dunlevy, W. H. Ellis, and others, for a private bill to incorporate "The Lardeau and Kootenay Railway Company."

From Victoria Columbia Lodge No. 1, Vancouver Quadra Lodge No. 2, and Columbia Royal Arch Chapter No. 120, of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, for a private bill to incorporate "The Masonic Temple Association of Victoria, B.C."

REPORTS.

The private bills committee reported that the standing orders had been complied with in respect to the following petitions:

From Charles G. Major, Johann Wulffsohn and Arthur W. Jones, for a private bill to incorporate "The Nakusp and Slocan Railway Company."

From Charles Thomas Dupont and Frederick B. Pemberton, for a private bill to incorporate a railway company (Trail Creek and Sheep Creek).

From C. T. Dupont, H. S. Mason, and others, for a private bill to incorporate "The Kootenay Central Railway Company."

ARBITRATION BILL.

The House went into committee, Mr. Smith in the chair, on the arbitration bill. A few technical amendments were made, when the committee rose and reported progress.

PUBLIC HEALTH BILL.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved the second reading of the Public Health Bill. The leading feature of the bill was the provision made for the appointment of a provincial board of health, to be composed of five members, four of whom would be medical practitioners. The duties of the provincial board would be extensive, including the organization of local boards and inducing municipalities and districts to organize boards. The councils of the different municipalities would as at present compose the board of health for their respective districts. Another duty of the provincial board would be to gather statistics on on diseases and sanatary matters, with a view of preventing disease. The bill went into health matters generally and would explain itself. The local boards would also have extensive and strong powers to regulate health matters within their respective districts. The local boards would be under the supervision and receive advice from the provincial board, while the latter would be under the supervision of the executive council. The provincial board would find the most effective measures to prevent diseases and would advise the local board. They would enquire into all sanitary matters and circulate literature in regard to sanitation and health matters. At present there was no doubt a lack of knowledge in regard to these matters. Power would be given to local boards to examing slaughterhouses, etc., and to deal with offensive trades. This was a very important matter and one that had not been previously dealt with in the province. There were many trades that were detrimental to the health of the province and they should be regulated. The bill had been compiled from acts of other countries, principally the Ontario act. This latter act was drawn up after an experience obtained by the epidemic of 1885. It had worked both beneficially and satisfactorily. The bill dealt with the whole province and by adopting the same method for all the districts would prevent disputes between different sections. At present different districts had different methods by which they dealt with these things, and although all the methods might be good ones, conflicts were caused. It was plain that there should be a central power by which the local boards would be regulated. The method had been adopted in Great Britain and had been found to be a remedy for the differences that arose between the different districts. It was better to have a central board, even if its plans were not as good as the local board's methods. The object of all sections was to preserve the public health and prevent the introduction of disease. There could be no prosperity if the province was in an unhealthy condition. The bill before the house would also limit the cost of expense in connection with health and sanitary matters. Provisions were made so that if two municipalities wished to form a union health district, and thereby share the cost, they could do so. The province had experience last year, of what an epidemic cost.

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought that the wishes of the Finance Minister were in the right direction, but the bill was exactly the reverse. Instead of remedying the difficulties, establishing harmony and lessening the cost of an epidemic, the bill proposed would cause hostility and confusion, increase the cost, injure the municipalities and bring the municipal governments into conflict with the Government of the day. It should be the policy of the Government to leave the cities alone, as the Government had quite enough to do without interfering with the municipalities. The civic governments were certainly better able to deal with the cities' affairs than the Government. If the Government wished to interfere with the cities they should certainly pay for the actions of the incompetent people that they appoint, and not make the cities pay them. He would like to know how the Minister of Finance would like the Dominion Government to appoint an officer to look into his accounts and then the Provincial Government be forced to pay the salary of that officer. To say that an irresponsible executive should appoint an irresponsible board to interfere with a city's affairs was an interference with the rights of a city. The Attorney-General had by his actions during last year assumed the powers of the Legislative Assembly. He made a lot of unintelligible rules that might, if they had come up in the legislature, have been made intelligible. The rules were such a conglomeration of the powers of different governments that when printed they were found to be useless. It was an attempt to usurp the powers of the legislature that would not have been tolerated in any other country in the British empire. It just showed what the Attorney-General would have done had he had the power. But he did not have the power, so it did not amount to a much after all. Even the old act, passed in crown colony days, only made the municipalities pay the officers that they appointed. Now the Government wanted to force the municipalities to pay any debt that a Government board wished to incur. He regretted that the bill had come up so early, as he had some useful extracts of what occurred last summer. The old health act had been superceded by the municipal acts, but the Attorney-General had attempted to ressurect it. The bill now introduced proposed that an irresponsible board, appointed by an irresponsible Government, should have power to impose upon the municipality any cost that they might think fit. The injustice of this could be seen, when it was pointed out that the Government limited the council's power to impose taxation and said that they should not incur debts beyond a certain amount. Therefore, the cities can only collect so much, but they must pay whatever debts the provincial board of health saw fit to incur. The Government that appointed these irresponsible boards should pay them. If the bill proposed to appoint a provincial board of health without interfering with the cities, he would not oppose it. But he could not support such unfair conditions as were incorporated in the bill. He would not have it said that he had voted for such a bill as the one before the House.

Hon. Mr. Davie said anyone migat think after hearing the remarks of the leader of the Opposition, that the Government intended to adopt a policy that was a novelty in legislation in this or any other country. When told, however, that the plan adopted was the same as plans adopted in other countries, they were told what was correct. The plan was adopted from an act founded on experience. The bill was only intended to deal with exceptional cases, and would not be applied in ordinary cases. It was only when there was a dire necessity to save the country from the ravages of pestilence that the general government would step in. It was this policy that made the Government avail themselves of the old health act last summer. Although that act was 24 years old, the provisions in it were now followed by other countries. Mr. Davie went over the causes of last summer's epidemic. There were cases of smallpox in the city of Vancouver, he said, but the officials of that city by exercising vigilence stamped out the disease. The Nanaimo officials kept it out of that city altogether. It was, however, different in Victoria. On the 6th of July reports reached him to the effect that matters were not just as they should be. Yellow flags were flying in all directions but nothing was being done. He wrote to the Mayor calling attention to this and placed provincial officers at his disposal. The Mayor wrote in answer, a letter showing what he (the Attorney General) thought, a lack of appreciation of the assistance offered. The Mayor did not know how many cases there were in the city and had up to that time been unsuccessful in obtaining a hospital, although steps were being taken to erect a hospital at at Ross Bay. The city was erecting a hospital on the Indian reserve, but the Dominion Government telegraphed that it could not be used. The Mayor then made arrangements to erect a hospital at Ross Bay. There were 35 cases in the city at the time and everything was in a state of unreadiness. A meeting of the medical men of the city was held and the first steps taken towards erecting buildings at the Jubilee Hospital. The same evening the mayor made arrangements with Mr. Hayward and work was immediately commenced on the buildings. As all knew, isolation was the only successful way to treat smallpox, so it was decided to send the patients to the Jubilee Hospital station and the suspects to Ross Bay. After this, matters went along very well. The Government then issued the regulations, which although prepared in a hurry, were far from unwise. He read editorials from the TIMES to show that the Opposition approved of the rules at the time. The disease ran its course and was then brought under control. It could never have been stopped by quarantining the patients and suspects in their houses. The city would not remove them, so the city police were placed under the provincial superintendent, and the provincial authorities undertook the task of removing the patients and suspects. One patient died shortly after he had been removed to the hospital, but would have died even if he had not been removed. There was a difference of opinion between the provincial and city health officers as to whether or not the patients and suspects should be removed from their houses. The Government decided to uphold the provincial officer, so under authority of the health regulations the city officer was suspended. The matter was appealed to the courts and the Government was upheld. It was a disagreeable duty, and he would have rather taken his family and gone away during the epidemic, but he saw that it was his duty to remain and look after matters. He thought it wise to allow local bodies to govern themselves, but there were times when it was necessary for the general government to step in. The bill before the House was based on a good precedent, the general principles being the same as are incorporated in the acts of other countries.

Mr. Milne thought it was incumbent on him to reply to the Attorney-General. When health officer of the city he had endeavored to the best of his ability to carry out the rules and regulations. On the 28th of May of last year a mild case of smallpox was discovered. It was true there was no hospital at the time, but the city obtained the Albert Head quarantine station from the Government, and the case was successfully treated. Early in July there were a number of cases and he requested the civic authorities to obtain a hospital. The city took possession of a building on the Indian reserve, and were building an addition to it, when they were stopped by the Indian department. This caused a delay of three days. The city authorities by working night and day erected a hospital at Ross Bay, and as a result an army of men waited on the Mayor at 1 o'clock in the morning, and threatened all kinds of things if the buildings were used for a smallpox hospital. The same day an injunction was issued. What was the city to do? A meeting of the medical men was called, and it was suggested that the Jubilee Hospital grounds be used. There was some objections raised, but it was found that the act of incorporation would prevent any injunction being issued. This was Saturday and although the city could have had the injunction issued against the Ross Bay station, dissolved on Monday, the Mayor did not wish to wait and work was commenced on the buildings at the Jubilee Hospital. So it was seen that three hospitals had been built within the city. The Attorney-General had not dealt fairly with the question. The city had to use the Albert Head station in the commencement although it was unsanitary. The fact was the patients at Albert Head were treated too well and their friends provided them with things that they should not have had. He asked the provincial authorities to detail a provincial officer to watch the station but instead of doing this, they sent a medical man and a provincial officer to the station to make an investigation and misrepresent matters. This was unworthy of the man, holding the position of Attorney-General. A medical man visited the station as he himself could not leave the city where he had so many duties to attend to. The place was well quarantined and there were more nurses than necessary to look after the patients. One would almost believe from what the Attorney-General said, that he, Mr. Milne, did not believe in isolation. The fact was that he was very strict in this matter and was removing the patients to the Jubilee Hospital and the suspects to Ross Bay when an order in council was passed suspending him. The point that he took was, that there were a number of suspects in the city who had been quarantined in their houses for twelve days and had a few days more to run. The Attorney-General wished to mix them with people who had just come from sick beds and then let them out in a few days. This would put them in the same position as they were when first quarantined. If they had never been contaminated before they would have been then. When in the east he placed the proposition before the Dominion Health Board and his side of the question was upheld. He had letters from the health officer of Quebec and Ontario on the question. The fact that there were no more cases a few days after the patients were removed to the Jubilee Hospital showed how well they had been quarantined in their houses. The Attorney-General knew that he had misrepresented the case of McKay, the young man who died shortly after being removed to the hospital. Dr. Crompton visited McKay in the morning and instructed the nurse not to allow the patient to be removed. But the Government officers went to the house, broke in the door, and removed the patient, who died shortly after his arrival at the hospital. He would like to see the evidence of the smallpox commission before the House. Three weeks had been spent endeavoring to show that commission, that the Clarence Hotel was not properly quarantined. If they had turned to a letter written by Dr. Davie on the 22nd of July, they would have seen how well Dr. Davie thought it was quarantined. He removed the suspects from the Clarence the day after the Provincial Government took charge. One woman was removed from the Clarence Hotel on Friday to the suspect station and was around the city on Saturday. He moved the adjournment of the debate.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Baker presented a return of the judgment of the Supreme Court of Canada upholding the validity of provincial legislation respecting the territorial jurisdiction of county court judges.

Hon. Mr. Baker presented a return showing the correspondence exchanged between the Provincial and Dominion governments on the question of federal public works and improvements.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Hon. Mr. Beaven will ask leave to introduce a bill to amend the Municipal Act.

On Monday Mr. Keith will move that: Whereas the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" has proved in a measure beneficial, but in some respects defective, more especially as the fifth section permits vessels to carry one Chinese immigrant to any part of Canada for every 50 tons of its tonnage; but we are of opinion that a much larger restriction should be imposed, and fewer Chinese carried on each vessel or their importation prohibited;

And whereas the eighth section imposes only an entrance duty of fifty dollars on every person of Chinese origin entering Canada, when five hundred dollars is, in our opinion, the lowest entrance duty that should be charged if Chinese are allowed to enter Canada at all;

And whereas the fourth sub-section of the eighth section provides that the entrance duty of fifty dollars shall not apply to any Chinese person who resided or was within Canada on first January, 1886;

And whereas, under the provisions of chapter 25, 55-56 Victoria (1892), intituled "An Act to further amend the 'Chinese Immigration Act,'" which was passed by the Parliament of Canada as a substitute for section thirteen of the "Chinese Immigration Act," chapter 67 of the revised Statutes of Canada, enables a Chinese to leave and return to Canada on payment of only one entrance fee;

Be it therefore resolved, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to move the Dominion Government to cause the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" to be made more restrictive in the manner indicated.

The Philosopher's Stone.

Chancellor Symms, of the Syracuse University, says that "he holds the Philosopher's stone who makes the best use of his opportunities."

Every one has now a chance to buy a Rigby waterproof coat, and ladies may buy the cloth for a spring ulster.

Catch on to the wings of circumstances while they fly, and don't wait until the rain and the rush comes, as there can only be a limited number produced this season, and late comers are sure to be disappointed. Preserve your health and buy while you may.

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Collided With a Truck.

OAKLAND, Cala., Feb. 10.—The local train struck a truck at the railway crossing this morning, severely injuring J. Sophiro and Antone Correa, who were engaged in hauling glass from a junk shop. The former will probably die.

Mrs. A. A. Williams
Lynn, Mass.

For the Good of Others

Rev. Mr. Williams Heartily Endorses Hood's Sarsaparilla.

We are pleased to present this from Rev. A. A. Williams, of the Sillsbee street Christian Church, Lynn, Mass.:

"I see no reason why a clergyman, more than a layman, who knows whereof he speaks, should hesitate to approve an

Article of Merit

and worth, from which he or his family have been signally benefited, and whose commendation may serve to extend those benefits to others by increasing their confidence. My wife has for many years been a sufferer from severe

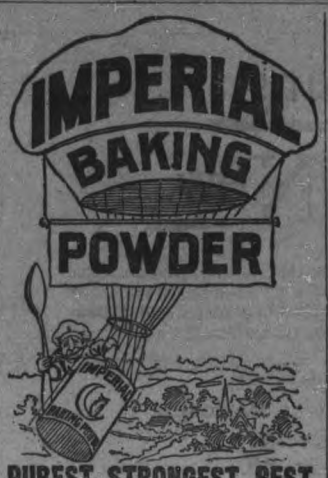
Nervous Headache

for which she found little help. She has tried many things that promised well but performed little. Last fall a friend gave her a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems surprising what simply one bottle could and did do for her. The attacks of headache decreased in number and were less violent in their intensity, while her general health has been improved. Her appetite has also been better. From our experience with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I have no hesitation in endorsing its merits."
A. A. WILLIAMS.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Price 25c.



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Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious.

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are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
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Warranted to cure "AFHRODITINE" or money refunded.
IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE
BEFORE AFTER
to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opiumor through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by indiscretion or youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. June10-1y
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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.
Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH
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BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
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CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

Rev. Robert R. Maitland, L.L.B., one of the leading clergymen of Vancouver says: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the magical efficacy of your Cubb's Cough Cure in the treatment of cold in the head, throat and chest, and the croup tendency in children. I have recommended it to others after using it myself, feeling free to say it is just the thing to have in the house for such emergencies. I hope it will have a large sale."

Capt. M. Manson, of Victoria, B. C., says: "I took a fearful cold after unusual exposure and found myself tightened up so much that I had great difficulty in even breathing. A torturing cough set in and I was miserable in the extreme. I took four regular doses of Cubb's Cough Cure and the result astonished me. In ONE NIGHT my cough was broken up and my system completely freed from all symptoms of cold. I heartily recommend it to everyone."

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

☞ Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B. C., or address
THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.
daw JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.
oc23-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

A FORTUNE

Inherited by few, is pure blood, free from hereditary taint. Catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, **Scrofula,** and many other maladies born in the blood, can be effectually eradicated only by the use of powerful alteratives. The standard specific for this purpose—the one best known and approved—is **Ayer's Sarsaparilla,** the compound, concentrated extract of Honduras sarsaparilla, and other powerful alteratives.

"I consider that I have been

SAVED

several hundred dollars' expense by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and would strongly urge all who are troubled with lameness or rheumatic pains to give it a trial. I am sure it will do them permanent good, as it has done me."—Mrs. Joseph Wood, West Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Dr. J. W. Shields, of Smithville, Tenn., says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and know of many wonderful cures effected by its use."

"For many years I was laid up with SCROFULA, no treatment being of any benefit. At length I was recommended to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. I did so, and

By Taking

about a dozen bottles, was restored to perfect health—weighing 230 pounds—and am now a believer in the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—James Petsy, Mine Boss, Breckenridge Coal Co. (Limited), Victoria, Ky.

"My niece, Sarah A. Losee, was for years afflicted with scrofulous humor in the blood. About 18 months ago she began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles was completely cured."—E. Caffall, P.M., Losee, Utah.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.
Cures others, will cure you

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TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES,
tf Secretary.

THE SAMARITAN
Lying-In-Home,
NO. 11 RAE STREET.

TERMS:—Patients, previous to confinement, $3 per week. During confinement, including medical attendance and nursing, $10 per week. Patients, with good references, who may be unable to pay will be treated free of charge. For admission apply at the Home.

HARPING ON MOHUN.

Engineer Mohun is the Cause of Another Hubbub of the City Councillors.

James Bay Bridge Contract—Sidewalk Construction—By-law Repealed.

The council began business last night by introducing by-laws respecting the public health; to borrow a sum of money, not specified, in anticipation of the public revenue for the current year; to limit the number of licenses.

JAMES BAY BRIDGE.

The street committee reported, recommending that the contract for repairing James Bay bridge be awarded Charles Williams. Contract price, $1462.50. Contract for construction of sidewalk to Thomas Elliot.

Concurred in.

Chairman of police committee Belyea presented a report on charges laid by Rev. Mr. Gardner against Chief of Police Sheppard. Sheppard had been exonerated. Received.

A by-law to amend the Council by-law passed through its first reading.

WHERE'S THE STATIONERY?

Ald. Belyea complained that aldermen had no stationery. He introduced a resolution to obtain supplies.

Mayor Beaven thought Ald. Belyea could have had as much stationery as wanted if he had spoken to the proper officer.

Resolution passed.

AFTER MOHUN'S SCALP.

Ald. Bragg created a discussion when the finance committee's report came up for adoption. The report asked that $601.95 be appropriated for sewerage purposes. Ald. Bragg wanted to know why this money was taken from the general revenue. He thought the money ought to come from special appropriation. Ald. Baker "backed-up" Ald. Bragg. The council could not pay for a few working men to sweep the snow from the sidewalk around the city hall, but $601.95 could be spared for sewerage work. Why pay Engineer Mohun and have no money for the poor workingmen? Men who worked on the Dupont drain could not get their wages. They had families to support and needed their money. Mohun could get his salary.

Mayor Beaven explained that Mohun would have to be paid. A majority of the council had decided upon that and he had signed the report for that amount.

Ald. McKillican said Mohun should be retained.

Ald. Styles did not like the board to mortgage the revenue of the city for sewerage purposes. Sewerage should stand upon its own footing. Why sewer fields and wild lands and neglect the center of the city? The city engineering staff was costing $900 a month. The council should retire, if they could not do better.

Ald. Belyea said that three aldermen always brought up the threadbare question of the sanitary engineer. One would imagine from those aldermen that Mohun was smoking his cigar with his limbs high in the air in an easy office chair and that the sewers were built in farm lands.

Ald. Styles—True.

Ald. Belyea continued and said that they would have to reappoint the sewerage commissioners. They and the sanitary engineer alone had the power to accept the sewers from the contractors or reject them. If they discharged Mohun they would have no one to accept the contract. The contractor could ignore the council altogether.

Mayor Beaven—Does it not strike you that you can appoint other commissioners and another engineer? No harm is done yet. I knew of the existence of that clause.

Ald. Styles—I hope that such extravagance will stop.

Ald. Bragg moved in amendment that the report be laid over till the revenue be raised. The three worthy aldermen were just as much in favor of sewerage as worthy Ald. Belyea.

Ald. Belyea—Hear, hear.

Ald. Bragg would like to see the expenditure doing practical benefit. The money for sewerage purposes was exhausted long ago. The council never authorized Mohun to go on with the sewerage plans.

Ald. Styles was also in favor of sewerage. It was the method adopted that was objectionable. Citizens in the centre of the city had to put their hands in their pockets for sewers, when fields and barnyards were drained by large mains.

Ald. Miller said he was tired. He went to sleep and they were talking about salaries. He awoke and they were on the subject of sewers. Where would they go next?

The amendment was "downed" and the report carried.

Ald. Styles—Wasting the people's money.

Mayor Beaven—Order, order.

ALD. BELYEA DISCUSSED.

Ald. Belyea objected to the by-law repealing the commissioners of sewers by-law being put through any further readings. The council would only have to re-enact this by-law because commissioners could not do without them. They might require the services of commissioners before a month was over. It would not cost anything to leave matters as they are.

Ald. Styles—Ald. Belyea's argument is amazing. He said we could not dispense with the services of the commissioners. Suppose the commissioners died. What then?

Mayor Beaven—That's it.

Ald. Bragg thought Ald. Belyea might have taken his advice and have retained the sewerage commissioners and discharged the engineer.

Ald. Styles—That's right.

Ald. Baker—The reports of Engineer Mohun appeared to him to be reports of a person hired by the contractor. Contractor McBean had left Victoria and left no one here to attend to affairs. This had cost the city hundreds of dollars.

The by-law was then repealed. The vote stood: Ayes—Aldermen Baker, Styles, Bragg and Munn. Nays—Aldermen McKillican, Belyea, McTavish and Miller. The Mayor voted in the affirmative.

ENQUIRIES ABOUT THE ESTIMATES.

Ald. Belyea wanted to know why the estimates could not be brought down. Who should prepare them? He wanted information.

Mayor Beaven said the bank balance was the difficulty. A great deal of interest had to be paid in the early part of the year and there was little revenue.

Council adjourned 9:15 p.m.

JEAN INGELOW AT HOME.

The House in London in Which the Poet Lives.

The poet lives in a house half hidden by a garden and a high brick wall in Addison Road, Kensington. Addison Road is one of the quiet London streets which, far from busy scenes of traffic, seem to concentrate country peace and restfulness within city limits. It is a "private road," with all the privileges granted to such roads by the City of London. Its stone houses are a superior kind of English villa; but the style of architecture has little effect upon the appearance of the street, for the high brick walls placed close to the sidewalk mostly conceal the buildings, and only permit glimpses of substantial brick houses topped with red chimney-pots.

There are shrubs and trees behind the walls, and a general air of space and greenery in Addison Road, which add to its attractions and make one almost forget it is a part of London.

The house where Miss Ingelow lives with her brother is much like others in the Road—large and airy, of gray brick, half concealed in its gardens. It has an air of seclusion, but its brick wall is not wholly impregnable, as I discovered when, after a ring at the gate, not only a green and shady front yard but a pleasant house and a spacious garden in the rear were opened to visitors. A drawing-room is pleasant, but the shrine of genius is a small conservatory containing a tea table, some comfortable chairs, and, in the proper season, a fine array of plants and flowers. What is more appropriate than this abode for one who has written so lovingly about flowers, from the fine burst of melody, "Heigh ho! daisies and buttercups, fair yellow daffodils, stately and tall!" to the confession in prose, "Flowers always seem to me to be the lovely fancies of God; things that, as it were, He made for His own pleasure—for Himself as well as for us."

Over the tea the conversation turned upon America and Americans, and, as might be expected from her writings, Miss Ingelow showed an unusual knowledge of American institutions and a sympathetic interest in current events. She talked of the tariff, of the course of politics, and of the men who formed our government. It was evident that she possessed many American friends, who kept her in touch with our affairs, and enabled her to form opinions that seemed more like those made in this country than in another nation. A sense of humor not always found in the English character was one cause of an appreciative understanding of Americans. Like her prose, rather than her poetry, she was decisive, penetrating, and frank, her seriousness often lightened with a flash of drollery.

When she mentioned our literary men, she said, with pride that could easily be appreciated, that the Hon. James Russell Lowell had called upon her. Dr. Holmes, too, had been in that room. "He was very funny," she said, with an accent that implied congeniality between kindred natures. Her interest in other Boston writers probably had a natural basis in her relation to the parent city, old Boston in Lincolnshire. "It is a flat place," she said; but the readers of her most famous poems have known with what inspiration she lived on the coast of Lincolnshire. A long talk in the lingering twilight, and then we took our leave, with thoughts for many days thereafter.

SCHOOL PUNISHMENTS.

An English Medical Opinion Upon the Vexed Subject.

Some grown persons would seem to think that there is no true place for chastisement in a system of education. Such at all events is our impression of those, and there are many parents among them, who regard an ordinary beating given in school as almost an indictable form of assault. People of this kind have evidently forgotten the singularities of their own wayward youth, or perhaps their lives knew only a genial and untroubled springtime of good conduct. In neither case can their judgment be relied upon to form a rule of discipline for the guidance of school teachers.

The bad boy will continue to deserve and and to repay with bitter behavior his needful thrashings, and even the good boy will sometimes err and will profit by corporal reproof. The truth about physical punishment, we may take it, is that it is indispensable—an evil, perhaps, but a necessary one. It must be borne, but in order to attain success with the least possible amount of injurious friction it must also be regulated. There must be no impulsive pulling about, no random strokes with the hand or the ruler, no ear-boxing with its probable sequel—the ruptured tympanum. The head should never be struck, nor even slapped. We may say the same of the body, except one most tender but safely padded prominence which appears to mark the naturally appointed seat of childish affliction.

We need hardly emphasize the importance of guarding jealously against all displays of temper while inflicting punishment. No doubt this is difficult with refractory children, but such a degree of self-government as will enable parents or teachers to avoid the angry moment is nevertheless requisite for success. A case occurred lately which illustrates this point. It was that of a boy who was beaten about the back and head the day following a school misdemeanor. Singularly enough, he injured his head the next day, and, being at the time in poor health, though believed to be well, died in a week from tubercular meningitis.

At once his teacher was blamed, but proof being brought that the chastisement inflicted was deliberate, orderly and proportionate, though the means employed were not quite regular, he was entirely exonerated at a subsequent inquest. It would, indeed, in many cases render the duties of a school teacher as barren as difficult if he were not allowed a reasonable freedom in physical correction. The possible occurrence of such incidents as the above must, however, impress what we have said as to method in its application.—The Lancet.

Why He Feared.

Gedney—What makes you think your rheumatism is hereditary?

Marlboro—My mother-in-law died of it.

A Fashionable Wedding.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The marriage of Miss Elizabeth O'Meara, of this city, to Hon. Ralph H. Hayes-Sadler, British consul at Bogota, United States of Columbia, and son of Col. James A. Sadler, British consul in this city, was solemnized to-day in the Cathedral of Bogota with considerable state and ceremony. The officiating divine was Mgr. Sadatuco, papal nuncio to the United States of Columbia. The United States minister to Bogota, Hon. John W. Abbott, with the members of his family, were among those present. The plucky American girl had travelled to South America to meet her future husband, having been chaperoned from Chicago to Bogota by Minister Abbott's wife.

"I am convinced of the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, after taking but a few doses"—this is what many people say.

Have you tried the famous Tamil kande?

Trades and Labor Council.

The Victoria Trades and Labor Council met last evening in regular session in Sir Wm. Wallace Hall, the president in the chair. There was a full attendance of delegates, showing that the workingmen's representatives are alive to the union's best interests. Credentials from the tailor delegates received and accepted. After regular business was disposed of, the bill introduced by the Hon. Provincial Secretary, providing for a labor bureau and board of arbitration, came up for discussion and was dealt with at considerable length. The council feel that legislation of this kind is a move by the Government in the right direction. There being some points in the bill which the council are not quite clear upon, it was decided to appoint a committee to wait upon the Provincial Secretary for the purpose of gathering further information on the bill. The committee for this purpose is: Messrs. Dutton, Mallett and Howell.

A LAD VICTORY!

Will Others Follow Her Example?

She Induces Several of Her Friends to Follow Her Advice!

MARK WELL THE GREAT GAIN!

MRS. JOSEPH LLOYD.

Mrs. Joseph Lloyd, of Gananoque, Ont., achieved a glorious victory over the power of suffering and disease by using Paine's Celery Compound. Will others follow her example? They must if they carefully read her letter of testimony. The evidence is strong, convincing, and cannot be disputed by any reasoner or skeptic. Mrs. Lloyd writes as follows: "I feel it my duty to tell you what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I was always a sufferer from nervous debility and very bad headache, and found it impossible to obtain regular rest and sleep.

Two years ago I read of your Paine's Celery Compound, and bought a bottle of it. After I had used it I found I could get rest and quiet. I have used altogether seven bottles and find myself completely cured.

Your medicine purifies the blood and regulates the system; and I would not be without it in my house if it took my last dollar.

Before using Paine's Celery Compound my weight was only 100 pounds; now I weigh 141 pounds. Is this not sufficient reason for me to praise the Compound highly?

Before I knew of your valuable medicine I was treated by the doctors, but never received any good. Five of my friends are now using your valuable medicine since they have seen what it has done for me.

I wish you to use my statements, as they may be of encouragement to others."

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—E B Marvin & Co, S Leiser, J Johnston & Co, E G Prior & Co, John Irving, Com of Lands and Works.

Per str. Princess Louise from Vancouver—Lenz & Leiser, Union Club, J Bennett, R P Rithet & Co, J Johnson, T Shotbolt, T B Pearson, J Piercy & Co, C Strouss & Co, H Saunders, J Knushaw, McLennan & McF, H Mansell, Thompson & King, Col Inland Rev, A E Wescott, Frank Hinds, B Gordon, J H Todd & Son, R H Jameson, A B Erskine, Wm Wilby, C Cregg, J Horne, Q McQuade, care Molson's Bank, R Lettice, J W Mellor, W Prout, TIMES, W J Pendray, G Powell, A Lewis & Co, T N Hibben, Russell McD & Co, Kirschberg & Co, Langley & Co, H Young & Co, Colonist, Clark & Pearson, Fell & Co, Carne & M, S A Clark, S Faulkner, S L Kelly, W H Perry, G A Carleton, Turner B & Co, D Ratbitt, H Ray Co, C H Bowers, Weiler Bros, Chas Eckhardt, W Powell, H M Vermilyea, Marvin & T, Nicholles & R, W H Redmond, S Leiser, J C Lease, Dalby & Claxton, Gilmore & McC, B Williams, S Reid, W Smith, J Horner, E White, estate E M Waitt, B C Cattle Co, J Wilson, P T Patton, Capt Cates, John Bros, Nat Elec Tram Co, T Barlow, Can Paint Co, John Ord, R Seabrook, Dom Ex Co.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Tamilkande is the best.

Blue, white and gray enamelled iron ware at Weiler Bros.

A TRUSTY FRIEND

Put your trust in the soap which has been awarded 7 Gold Medals for **Purity and Excellence**, and whose consumers have given it the largest sale in the world.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

SAVES Time and Money. Hard Rubbing.
SAVES Backaches. Sore Hands.
SAVES Boiling. Washing Powder.
SAVES Flannels from Shrinking.
SAVES Your Temper. Your Health.

For driving away dirt and grease from the home, and bringing cleanliness and sweetness, **"SUNLIGHT" Soap** cannot be equalled.

Don't be deceived by imitations.

WORKS: PT. SUNLIGHT NEAR BIRKENHEAD — LEVER BROS., LTD. TORONTO

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA, B.C

Do You Know that a Waterproof Coat which stands the test of nearly fifty years and still holds the trade of Great Britain must of necessity be the best waterproof garment in the world, and this fact is now being realized by the Canadian People.

Currie's Waterproof Coats

ASK FOR THEM. Sold Everywhere.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Eye and Ear.

DR. O. M. JONES, late clinical assistant a Moorefield Ophthalmic Hospital, London, Tuesdays.

DR. MARK S. WADE, Fridays.

Will attend to **Free Patients**, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 9 a. m. of each week, at he hospital.

H M. YATES
Secretary.

ja10-1m

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Do You Write for the Papers?

If you do, you should have **THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM**, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY

ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

THE E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL.

☞ Beware of imitations said to be "as good as Eddy's."

Our wares are all stamped "THE E. B. EDDY CO," None other are genuine. See that you get our make of goods.

EDDY'S MATCHES

TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE, PARLOR

Have a World-wide Reputation.

We are the sole owners of all the patents and sole manufacturers in Canada of

INDURATED FIBRE WARE

Jas. Mitchell, Agent, 102 Government St., Victoria

sat

3 PRACTICAL POINTS

One of the most successful German physicians gave as the secret of his wonderful success these three important points:—

1. **Keep the Head Cool.**
2. **Keep the Bowels Open.**
3. **Keep the Feet Warm.**

These conditions are not so easily obtained as one would think. Why? Because without pure and healthy blood a vigorous circulation cannot be kept up, and because the food and occupation of most people tends to clog up the bowels and produce constipation. The success of B. B. B., like that of the German physician, lies in so purifying the blood and regulating the bowels, liver and stomach, that these three conditions are fulfilled easily, and disease can find no lodgment in the body.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

B B B

This medicine does purify the blood and cure all diseases arising from impure or unhealthy blood. It does regulate the entire system and cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, scrofula, skin diseases, rheumatism, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. During the past ten years over one million bottles have been sold in Canada, and, although we guarantee every bottle to do all we claim, we have not received a single complaint.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. — M. S. DAVYS, M.E. — H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. — NELSON, B.C.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
jy. &w

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block.
ap21

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. m&s&w-4w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By young man, office work. Evenings only. R., this office. fe8tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—To borrow horse and wagon in return for keep. J. H. TIMES Office. fe9-2t

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—On Saturday last a dark bay horse with white spot on his forehead. The finder will be given a reward of $5 on leaving the same at Ting Lee's, Cormorant St. fe9-4t

LOST—Between Blanchard and Quadra Sts., on Fort St., a black morocco purse containing money and coins. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at TIMES Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—A large furnished front bedroom, Apply No. 6, Rae St. fe6-1w

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Rearns on the premises. se20tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDEBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed no1-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. JOHN HALL,
Homepathist,
Has removed his office to the Five Sisters Block, 3rd floor. No. 51 and 53. Attendance from 2 till 5. fe10-1m

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL,
Has removed from Victoria West and Government Street to 106 Yates Street. Telephone No. 80.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 122 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinb rgh.
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadbore Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting members cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy26 M. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
R. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
R. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
o29

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Secretary.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C Box 80.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 181. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale g22-1y

AMUSEMENTS.

PHILHARMONIC HALL

SATURDAY, FEB. 11

Reproduction of the Thrilling Scotch Drama,

The Rose of Ettrick Vale

By the members of

SEGHERS COUNCIL No. 85, Y. M. I.

Assisted by the best local talent.

Prof. E. Pferdner's Orchestra has been secured.

ADMISSION, 50c. and 75c.
fe9-td

ANNUAL BALL

Under the auspices of the

SERGEANTS OF "C." BATTERY

—WILL BE HELD—

Tuesday, February 14th.
fe10-td

TENDERS WANTED.

NELSON AND FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company, in the City of Victoria B. C., up to February 16th, 1893, for the construction of the said railway from Nelson, B. C. to a point at or near Fort Sheppard, B. C. Bids will be entertained for the work as a whole or in part.

The company will reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Maps, profiles and specifications for said work will be on file at the office of the company, 40 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, Jan. 10th, 1893.

C. T. DUPONT,
Pres. Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company.
j23

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.
January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

PIANO AND ORGAN.

I am prepared to receive pupils for instruction in Pianoforte and Organ, at the rooms lately occupied by the Conservatory of Music, Douglas Street. Terms on application to Waitt's Music Store, Government Street.

GEORGE J. BURNETT,
Organist St. Andrew's Pres. Church.
fe7-2w

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government
Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance

The Daily Times.

IT MUST BE UPROOTED.

The rebellion of the Ontario farmers against the policy of protection is too great in extent to be quieted by "lopping off mouldering branches." Evidence in support of this statement is furnished by the following correspondence of an eastern paper from Kingston:—

Mr. R. H. Fair, a leading young farmer, declares, in a letter, that there is not an improved farm in the county of Frontenac that will pay more than 3 per cent. on capital invested, while a large percentage of them are not paying 3 per cent., and many not paying anything! He proceeds thus: "Why is it, I ask, that when a farmer living under such depressed financial conditions attempts to show any signs of discontent or to advocate a more favorable trade relation with the United States (our natural market and the one used for many of our farm products despite the high tariff) that he is cried down in every Government press and from every Government platform as a traitor and an annexationist. I pride myself in being as loyal as any of them and am pleased to think that I belong to such a grand and noble empire as Great Britain and while my heart burns with love for the old time-honored flag that has stood the battle and the breeze for so many years and for its upholders that have done so much for the civilized world, I feel pained to see it dragged down and used for such low, base means as some politicians use it for in trying to cover their briberies, corruption and misgovernments. They keep it waving before the eyes of the Canadian farmers and crying 'loyalty' to divert their attention from their many misdeeds. The farmers have a perfect right to speak out and make their grievances known, at that without being hooted at by those whom we feed and clothe."

He notes the tremendous odds against farmers in the struggle for life and concludes:—

"Let the Government legislate for our interest, not merely by lopping off a few branches of the National Policy, but by uprooting it altogether, for it is rotten to the core as far as the farmers' welfare is concerned. Give us a fair hand-to-hand fight with the world and the yeomen of Canada will protect themselves and soon we will become a prosperous, contented people. I notice that the Hon. Senator Howlan in concluding his remarks at the banquet, tendered the Dairymen's Association in Kingston, said, 'What means the flag raising through the country in the public schools? It means carry on the flag, boys, and leave the country to take care of itself.' It seems to me that's it. Senators, office-holders and office seekers, combines and monopolies carry on the flag-crying loyalty and let the farmers take care of themselves."

There can be no reasonable doubt that this young Frontenac farmer voices the opinions of the farmers not only of his own county but of the whole province of Ontario. The Globe's commission and other agencies have adduced more than enough testimony to that effect. By the time the farmers get through with it there will be neither branch, trunk nor root to the protectionist tree.

A SCANDAL.

The other day a discussion arose in the Dominion House of Commons over the failure of the Government to appoint a new Lieutenant-Governor for New Brunswick. Sir Leonard Tilley's term expired more than two years ago, but he is still holding the office, apparently because there are so many applicants that the Government cannot make a choice among them. Opposition speakers in the Commons took the ground that this delay is virtually a violation of the constitution, which limits a Lieutenant-Governor's term to five years. They held that if the Government could not select a new man they should have re-appointed Sir Leonard Tilley for another five years, and correctly characterized the Government's course as scandalous. The ministers sought shelter behind the poor plea that the clause in the B.N.A. Act leaves it at the discretion of the Dominion Government to appoint a new governor for a province at the end of the five-year term. The former occupant holds office, said they, until his successor is named. The thinness of this defence can be seen at once by anybody, and the bad effects of the inexcusable delay are equally plain. On this point the St. John Telegraph remarks:—"The backers of the different aspirants for the governorship, or at least of two or more of them, are indulging in angry personal attacks upon the opposing candidates. This is one of the natural consequences of the long and inexcusable delay in making an appointment. Some good man, not only virtuous but above suspicion, should have long since been selected and appointed, or Sir Leonard's term extended. The cabinet, through internal dissensions and disagreements, is abdicating its functions and generally appears in a most unfavorable light in this connection." If some poor unregenerate Grit were to speak of the Lieut.-Governorship as an office of little importance the Tories would howl about his disloyalty, but the Tory Government at Ottawa does its best by its actions to belittle the office and never a protest does the party raise.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Collingwood Young Conservatives approve of Dalton McCarthy's "lopping off" proclivities, but cannot forgive him for deserting the party.

The Vancouver Orangemen have declared for Dalton McCarthy and have denounced the subservency of the British Columbia members to the party machine. It is to be hoped the Orangemen will remain "converted" until after the next general election.

All people who use illuminants would have reason to be thankful if the duty were taken off coal oil. The duty once off, oil ought to be sold at about half its present price, and of course in order to compete the price of other illuminants would have to come down.

Mr. Laurier's first speech in Parliament this session developed a vein of sarcasm which must have been exasperating to the Tories. In one place he showed that according to the census returns the one place in Canada which had shown remarkable development in manufacturing is the village of Caughnawaga. Caughnawaga is the home of some of the once powerful Six Nation Indians. The census says there were eight factories there in 1881, which had increased to 41 in 1891. There are no tall chimneys there and no places that look like factories, but the huts where the Indians make baskets and snowshoes were put down as manufacturing establishmens which the great N. P., had creaetd.

The representatives of Victoria, Messrs. Earle and Prior, have commenced the session by voting against the interests of their constituents and in favor of high taxation. It is true the division, which was on Mr. Laurier's amendment to the address, was a party one, and it may be assumed that our representatives' allegiance to party outweighed their conviction of right. The amendment was as follows:

"We feel bound to represent to Your Excellency that in the present condition of the people of Canada substantial reductions should be made in the taxation which presses so heavily upon the great bulk of the community, and would regret that in the speech from the throne Your Excellency was not advised to hold out promises of reductions in the oppressive duties now imposed."

Messrs. Earle and Prior voted against this motion.

ANOTHER LEPER.

Discovery of a Sufferer in Chinatown This Morning.

A Chinese leper in a well-advanced stage of the disease was discovered in Chinatown this morning. The man has been isolated and will be removed to Darcy Island, probably on Monday. The man was found in one of the Hart cabins, small brick structures behind the Chinese theatre on Cormorant street. He has been unable to leave his bed for some time, a fact which led to the case being looked into. Health Officer Duncan, accompanied by Dr. G. L. Milne, visited the patient this forenoon. Both readily pronounced the case leprosy. The man has not lost any of his members as yet, but can no longer use his limbs. They are partly paralyzed and have not enough strength to sustain him. The health officer arranged to have the man isolated and will have him removed to the lazaretto as soon as possible. The man came here from China three months ago, and is about 45 years of age. It must have been known that he had the disease then.

Speaking about the case Dr. Duncan said; "This looks like a case where the patient was sent here that care might be taken of him. They know we have a lazaretto and support lepers and I have not a doubt that they would palm their cases off on us if they could. You see there is no way to get rid of them once they are here. The transportation companies will not carry them back as their vessels would not be permitted to land at all had they a case aboard. I called Dr. Milne in to see this patient with me, preferring not to rely upon my own judgment alone, and was perfectly satisfied about it."

This will make the seventh leper on Darcy Island. There were seven there before, but the slow death of one of the poor creatures finally came and relieved him. There are only two very bad cases among the other six. One of the two has lost his feet and part of his face. The place is almost self-supporting. The lepers have cleared a piece of ground and spend their time tilling it. They raise nearly enough to live on, having besides some pigs and chickens. It serves to kill the monotany of waiting for the body to refuse to longer suffer.

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

NEARLY COMPLETED.

Sixty-five Cases Attended to by Mrs. Kent and Mrs. McMillan.

The work of relieving the needy, undertaken by Mrs. Kent and Mrs. McMillan, is now about completed, and as all in want have been supplied there is no need of further donations, except of clothing, which can always be used. Two new cases were attended to yesterday and fourteen tons of coal delivered to different parties. The following subscriptions have not yet been acknowledged in the papers: Mrs. C.N. Cameron, twenty-five pounds of flour; Mrs. McCulloch, clothing; A Friend, $10; Thos. Gambling, $5; Krank, $5; J. N. Hibben & Co., $5; Mrs. Wynn, $5; Cochrane & Munn, $5 drugs; Watson & Hall, $3 groceries; Mrs. J. A. Gould, $1: Mrs. Carey, $5; Mrs. Aspland, $5; Mrs. Wilson, clothing; A Friend, clothing; Mrs. Hart, clothing.

The amount received as donations in cash was $296, and in all 65 cases have been attended. Of the cash $244.80 has been spent, leaving a balance of $51.45, which will be used in buying fuel and food for the deserving.

The cash was spent as follows:—

Groceries	$117 20
Wood and coal	45 75
Meat	15 25
Boots	15 75
Bread	13 00
Hauling fuel	15 50
Sleigh hire	10 75
Carriage of sick to hospital	5 50
Flannel	1 35
Medicine	3 25
Mrs. E.	1 50
	$244 80

DALTON M'CARTHY ENDORSED.

The Vancouver Orangemen Pass Resolutions —Separate Schools and the French.

At a meeting of Ebenezer L.O.L., No. 1589, Vancouver, held Thursday, 9th inst., the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, that the time has arrived when the Orangemen of British Columbia must make their influence felt in settling in a satisfactory manner those great public questions which are now or may be before the province and the country, which affect alike the great cardinal principle underlying the Orange association and the welfare and stability of this part of the great British Empire.

Be it therefore unanimously resolved, that we cordially endorse the action of Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Q.C., M.P., in introducing again into the Dominion Parliament at Ottawa, a resolution amending the Northwest Territories Bill, and an order authorizing the Assembly to abolish the use of French as an official language and to put an end to separate schools.

And further, that we view with regret the past action of the representatives of British Columbia in the House of Commons, and their subserviency to the party machine, as manifested by them in voting down all similar resolutions to the one now proposed by Mr. McCarthy, and also recording their votes against Col. O'Brien's patriotic resolution, praying that Mercier's disloyal and obnoxious Jesuits' Estates Act be disallowed, and thereby prevented it from becoming law on the Statute Book of a British country;

And convinced as we are that the great majority of the people of British Columbia are strongly opposed to the French or any other foreign language being perpetuated in the young and promising British Province of our great Northwest, and as strongly opposed to the separate school system being forced upon the people of that same Province, we therefore demand that our members of Parliament at Ottawa should no longer misrepresent the loyal men of British Columbia on so important issues as the dual language and separate school questions;

And be it further resolved, that our representative, Mr. Gordon E. Corbould, M.P., be respectfully informed that any action taken or any vote recorded in opposition to Mr. McCarthy's resolution will assuredly meet with the disapproval of the loyal Orangemen of the City of Vancouver. It is hoped, however, that on the present occasion our representative in the Dominion House will see his way clear to support Mr. McCarthy's resolution;

And we further take this opportunity of entering an emphatic protest against the action of Sir John Thompson and his Government in using thousands of dollars of public money in the interests of the Premier's co-religionists to oppose the people of Manitoba in their laudable efforts to free their province from the separate school incubus;

And it is further resolved that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Sir John Thompson, Mr. Corbould, M.P., and be given to the Vancouver News-Advertiser, World and Monitor, the Victoria Colonist and Times, the New Westminster Columbian and the Orange Sentinel for publication.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE GUN.

SPORTSMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

The Victoria and Union gun clubs at a joint meeting last night appointed a committee to collect subscriptions for the tournament of the Sportsmen's Association to be held in Victoria in June. Estimated cost $2000. The meeting thought that the starving game would get food from the barnyards and so shelved the matter of food supply.

CANOEING.

PROSPEROUS PADDLERS.

Victoria Canoe Club will build a house for 100 canoes. The New York Canoe Club constitution and by-laws will be adopted. A challenge cup has been offered.

OLD, TRIED AND TRUE.

A song I sing to all that's old—
Old, tried and true! Ah, I would fain
The bitter with the sweetest hold,
Could all old hands clasp mine again.
The face of Change I meet with fear;
Though good the New, the Old is dear.

A song I sing to olden cheer;
For frosts of autumn gild the leaf;
They crown the seasons; test the year;
They mist the grape and bind the sheaf;
Their tender touch is longest lent
To earth and air and firmament.

A song I sing to olden ways!—
Old scenes, old homes, old ingle-nooks;
Old faiths of blessed olden days;
Old myths, old rhymes and dear old books;
And, if with faults, old friends; and calm
Loves flowing like some stately psalm.

O Angel dread of Untried Lands,
Move slow the pendulum of Change!
Hold kindly with thy faithful hands
Its longest reach in youthward range;
For sweet as is the new hour's cheer,
The olden hours are dear, more dear.

—*Edgar L. Wakeman in January Chautauquan.*

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-morrow.

Y.M.C.A. service at the usual hour 4 p.m. Address by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Reading.

In Pioneer Hall to-morrow evening at 7:30 Mrs. C. Mayo Steers will deliver a lecture entitled "Infant Salvation."

The church of the Holy Saviour, Victoria West, celebration of Holy Communion at 8 a.m; services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Preacher, Rev. W. D. Barber.

Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, J. H. White, pastor, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Services conducted by the pastor. Communion at close of evening service. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. N. Shakespeare, superintendent.

Dr. Campbell preaches morning and evening at First Presbyterian church. The subject of his evening lecture will be "The intermediate state of the soul—asleep in the grave—in Heaven, in hell, or in purgatory."

Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. E. Coombe, pastor. Morning service, welcome to new members by the representatives of the different departments of the church. The Lord's Supper. Evening subject, "Why Baptists do not baptize infants," followed by baptismal service.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

The steamship Flintshire will sail for the Orient some day next week.

The bark Thermopylæ, Capt. Winchester, will get away before long.

Steamer Islander resumed her run on the Vancouver route this morning.

The steamer City of Kingston did not get away until 9:30 o'clock last night.

The schooner J. Oppinger is an addition to the San Francisco sealing fleet.

Steamer Princess Louise goes to Vancouver to-morrow night. It is still impossible to go up the river.

The steamer Maude leaves for the north at 8 o'clock this evening. She sails from Turner, Beeton & Co's wharf.

The tug Constance brought in a scow load of wreckage from the C. H. Tupper yesterday. She will make another trip out to-day.

Five hundred and eighty tons of freight brought from China and Japan on the N.P.R. steamer Flintshire was taken to California by the Umatilla.

The contract for raising by the Grant Bros.' collapsed cylinder process the steamship Oregon for 95 per cent. of her value, which is estimated at $500,000 to $750,000, and Vanderbilt's yacht Alva for $100,000 has been let in New York. The United States Wrecking Company of Tacoma, will receive 50 per cent of the contract price.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

Allan Cameron went to Vancouver this morning.

R. Draney returned from Vancouver last evening.

W. N. Mears returned home to Tacoma last evening.

John Dick, inspector of mines, was in the city yesterday.

H. O'Connor, agent of the C.P.R. at Whatcom, has returned home.

W. D. Birchall, of the Toronto Silver Plate Company, is at the Driard.

J. B. Gordon, Bradstreet's agent, came back from the Mainland last evening.

George Gillespie, of the Bank of B.C., and Miss Gillespie left for San Francisco this morning.

Rev. J. E. Coombes, J. Kinnaird, G. Sutherland and Dr. E. Hall returned from New Westminster yesterday.

James S. Carter and William Stitt, with the C.P.R. at Winnipeg, left this morning for San Francisco via Vancouver.

Miss Lena Workman sailed for San Francisco this morning. Miss Workman will spend a fortnight visiting there.

Drs. Wardlaw and Morgan, of Philadelphia, who have been spending two weeks in British Columbia, left for California last night.

Miss Duff, head milliner at Spencer's Arcade, left for California this morning to attend Held Bros. opening of spring goods. She was accompanied by Miss L. Workman.

Leaky roofs repaired by McLennan & McFeely. 6t

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

GRIP AND PASSWORD.

Business Transacted at the Grand Lodge Meeting of the Royal Templars.

Relief Call Made by the Supreme Lodge A. O. U. W. — Local Society Doings.

The local lodges of the different societies are getting down to business again, there being better attendances at the meetings. A number of meetings were adjourned during the week, so there will be more business to attend to at the coming meetings.

ROYAL TEMPLARS IN CONVENTION.

On Tuesday last, the Grand Council of Royal Templars of Temperance convened in New Westminster. Grand Councillor Geo. Sutherland was in the chair. Delegates present: Grand Councillor, G. Sutherland, Victoria; Past Councillor, Rev. E. Robson, Westminster; Vice Councillor, Sister Hill, Wellington; Chaplain, J. S. Beatty, Vancouver; Secretary, Rev. T. Haddon, Westminster; Treasurer, E. S. Cook, Nanaimo; Auditor, Bro. Powell, Vancouver; Herald, Bro. Whitfield, Victoria; Guard, Bro. McPhadden, Victoria; Trustees, J. Brown, M. P. P., Westminster; D. J. McDonald, Vancouver; Bro. Husskit, Westminster; Superintendent of White Cross, D. McPhadden, Victoria; Superintendent of Cadet Work, Mrs. Thornber, Westminster.

The secretary's report showed a large increase in numerical strength, and was a report full of encouragement. Full reports of committees were presented. The sick and funeral benefits promise well.

Wednesday evening a public meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall. There was a large attendance. Grand Councillor G. Sutherland occupied the chair. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Scouller, of New Westminster, Past District Councillor R. H. Cairns, of Nanaimo, and the Rev. J. E. Coombes and Dr. Ernest Hall, of Victoria. The musical part of the programme was furnished by Westminster Council, No. 1. Bro. Coombes gave a stirring temperance address, which entirely captivated the audience. Bro. R. H. Cairns also delivered an able address. The chairman in his opening remarks showed the standing of the order in the Dominion. The meeting closed at 10 o'clock.

The Grand Council resumed its regular session on Thursday morning. After the reports from the various councils, a deputation from the W.C.T.U. was received by the Grand Councillor with a few suitable remarks. An address was then read by the president, after which a number of officers and delegates responded in a suitable manner, showing the close relationship that existed between the two orders. The election of officers resulted as follows: Grand Councillor, James Stark, Vancouver; Vice-Councillor, J. S. Beatty, Vancouver; Past Councillor, G. Sutherland, Victoria; Chaplain, Rev. E. Robson, Westminster; Secretary, Rev. T. Haddon, Westminster; Treasurer, E. S. Cook, Nanaimo; Herald, R. H. Cairns, Nanaimo; Guard, D. J. McDonald, Vancouver; Sentinel, J. E. Lord, Westminster; Trustees, J. Brown, M. P. P., Westminster, W. A. Gleason, Victoria, A. B. Fraser, Victoria; Superintendent White Cross degree, Rev. J. E. Coombes, Victoria; Superintendent Cadet work, Mrs. Thornber, Westminster; Dominion Representative, G. Sutherland, Victoria; Alternate, James Stark, Vancouver.

It was decided to hold a grand council picnic June 1 at Nanaimo. The officers were then installed by Past Grand Councillor Rev. E. Robson.

The council adjourned to meet in Nanaimo on the first Tuesday of February, 1894, at 7 p.m.

The officers and delegates from Victoria returned last night by the steamer Princess Louise, after having spent a most enjoyable time.

A. O. U. W.

At a meeting of the Supreme Lodge Relief Board, held at Pittsburg, Pa., in January, the applications of the Grand Lodges of New York, Pennsylvania, California, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas, for relief under the provisions of article XI of the General Laws of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, was considered. A relief call has been issued to all the grand lodges. This is brought about by the jurisdictions named having no balance in the beneficiary fund to liquidate death claims after having levied all the assessments allowed by law. Each member is to be assessed $1.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS.

The Victoria branch of this old-established society holds its monthly meeting on Thursday evening next at St. George's Hall, Bastion street, when general business will be transacted. Special efforts are at present being made to increase the membership and the number of names being sent in to the C.R. Bro. W. H. Barrand and the Recording Secretary Bro. R. R. Watson, 46 Quadra street shows that the members have been hard at work for the benefit of the society. This branch is in a flourishing condition financially. Its members are healthy and therefor there has been no call made upon the funds for sick relief. Substantial benefits are made in case of death also relief in case of sickness thus making the society an excellent means for providing for future necessities.

I. O. O. F.

The Grand Lodge officers and delegates to the Grand Lodge who have been attending the annual meeting at New Westminster, will be home this evening. Rev. J. E. Coombes, who delivered the oration at the dedication of the new temple, came home last night.

Y. M. I.

Seghers Council, No. 85, Y. M. I., will meet for the transaction of regular business next Monday evening. At the last regular meeting two candidates were elected and two initiated. District Deputy Grand President J. D. Byrne of Vancouver also addressed the members on the great advantages to be derived from membership in the order. He also installed D. McCarthy as Inside Sentinel and J. J. Swain as Outside Sentinel.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Sunset Lodge, No. 10, at last Tuesday's convention conferred the rank of Page, the new ritual being used for the first time. Bro. Ernest Schapers, the newly elected master of the work, directed the ceremonies. Six applications for membership were received, and it seems very likely that the junior lodge of the capital city may before long prove itself to be the banner lodge of British Columbia.

A. F. & A. M.

The Masonic Temple Association has applied to the Legislature for incorporation. It is probable that an addition will be made to the temple this year.

S. OF E.

Lodge Alexandra 116, Sons of England meet next Wednesday at 8 p.m. in Foresters Hall, Government st.

Sewerage Commissioners.

Ald. Belyea has bulletined a notice of motion of a by-law relating to the appointment, duties and salaries of sewerage commissioners.

Chinese Cases Continued.

There was no police court this morning, the 15 Chinese overcrowding cases being continued owing to the absence of police officer Redgrave, who left last night for Donald.

Spiritual Lecture.

Mrs. C. Mayo-Steers will lecture at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, at 7:30 Sunday evening. Subject, "Infant Salvation" after which a few psychometric readings will be given.

Plenty Cheap Coal.

The Central Coal & Wood Yard, 22 Trounce avenue. $7 per ton present delivery, $6 per ton to be delivered when the snow is gone and roads good, this price is good only when the cash is sent with the order.

Post Up Street Names.

The street committee will probably take action in posting up sign boards with the names of streets. It is estimated that $300 will cover this expense. At present the streets appear to a stranger as if they had no names.

Speaks Well for Victoria.

A gentleman who has resided for many years in the large eastern cities says that he never saw goods, and especially boots and shoes, sold so cheap and of such splendid quality as those retailed by Russell. McDonald & Co., of this city.

Clear Away the Snow.

Snow will have to be cleared from all sidewalks. This the street committee have resolved upon. Constables will notify citizens to that effect. There is a by-law compelling the removal of snow from sidewalks and it is intended to act upon it.

First-Class Concert.

A first-class concert will be given in the hall, Victoria West, for the benefit of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, on Tuesday evening the 21st inst. Mr. J. G. Brown, the Victoria Glee Club and other well-known and favorite vocalists and instrumentalists are to take part.

For California.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following cabin passengers from this port: Miss Duff, Miss Workman, Geo. Gillespie and wife, Jos. Blackbourne, A. C. Brown, L. H. Crake, D. H. Crake, Mrs. A. Taylor, Miss M. B. Young, Capt. Lim and wife, Mrs. E. H. Dolph and child, Mrs. M. H. Hodgetts, Mrs. C. H. Craig and child.

The Work of Charity.

The charitable people of the city have still much work to do, although every known case of need in the city has been attended to. President Burns of the B. C. Benevolent society may be seen any day with a squad of poor little ragged children, busy purchasing new and warm outfits for them. Mrs. Kent and Mrs. McMillan, the agent of the W. C. T. U., are still working in the interests of the poor and doing much good.

Dogs Running at Large.

The case against Alexander Oye, charged with being the owner of a dog that bit Frank E. Sears, was called in the provincial police court this morning. The information read that a vicious dog was allowed to run at large. Lawyer Jay, on behalf of Oye, objected to the court proceeding with the case. It was no offense in law to let a dog run at large and the court had no jurisdiction. The case was continued by the court to "look up the law.

Drunken Siwashes.

Capt. Sieward, of the schooner Mascot, who came up from Port San Juan on the steamer Maude, reported that he was unable to get an Indian crew on account of the Indians being drunk. He said that the Indians had got a lot of whiskey from the wreck of the steamer Michigan and were having a glorious time. He left for San Juan this afternoon on the Dora Sieward with two special officers. The engineers of the Michigan, who came up yesterday, say that the Indians could not have had much whiskey from the Michigan as very little was brought up.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Another Vote Asked for by the Session to Settle Difficulties.

There has been a good deal of talk among the members and adherents of St. Andrew's Church, as well as among outsiders, about the effect of the last vote at a congregational meeting reducing the pastor's salary to $2000. The Rev. Mr. Macleod had offered to accept a reduction from $3750 to $3000, but, for various reasons, the majority were of opinion that the salary should be reduced to $2000, and against this vote the pastor has appealed, by means of a circular, to the congregation. The following is a copy of the circular:

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 7th, 1893.

DEAR SIR—The Session having taken into consideration the state of matters at present existing in the congregation and the injury that is being done to the spiritual life of the church and to the cause of religion, have determined for their own guidance, as having the spiritual oversight of the people, to take steps to discover the views of the whole of the members and adherents in a way which will involve no further discussions or the calling of further meetings of the congregation and which will enable the pastor and office bearers to judge what co-operation they may look for in carrying on the work of the church.

At the meetings recently held, owing to various causes, only a minority of the people were present, and the Session deem it essential that all should have the opportunity of expressing themselves on a matter of such vital importance to the peace and prosperity of the congregation.

Will you, then, answer the question on the opposite page, sign your name, and return the answer in the enclosed envelope, either by mail or by placing it on the collection plate on Sabbath. Yours truly, JOHN FINLAYSON, Session Clerk.

Are you satisfied with the action of the pastor in voluntarily offering to accept $3000 as his salary for this year, and will you sustain the Pastor, the Session and the Managers in carrying on the work of the church? Answer: ..... Signature:.....

The vote as requested in this circular will be polled to-morrow. Many members have decided not to express an opinion one way or the other, believing that the decision arrived at at the congregational meeting cannot be affected by the result.

THE SEALING FLEET.

A Good Coast Catch Predicted—Warlike Preparations—Ringing the Changes.

The sealing schooners Dora Sieward, Capt. Lavender, and Mary Ellen, Capt. Hughes, departed on their annual cruises to-day.

Outside of the report that the May Belle had taken 117 sealskins received nearly a month ago, nothing has been heard from any of the sealing fleet as yet. The vessels after the coast catch are all working off the California and Oregon coasts, for none have been reported off the Cape. A gentleman just from California reports a number of schooners off the coast there, but says no reports have been brought to San Francisco from them. Owners, while of course knowing nothing positive, feel that the coast catch will be a good one this year.

Considerable speculation is being indulged in here over the plans of the McLeans. They have, it is stated, filled up the Alexander at San Francisco, have armed her with a couple of pivot and gatling guns, shipped a crew of 80 men and are going into the business wholesale. It is generally set down as a raid either on the American or Russian rookeries or the Japan coast. The Russian, American and British Governments are said to be all watching the vessel.

They are ringing the changes among the sealers this year. Many men who have been fixtures on different schooners are out of berths entirely this year. New blood, especially among hunters, has been given an opening. Different causes have contributed to the result.

Chinamen's Revenge.

An authentic story which will give the nervous the "creeps," has just come to light. It is an outgrowth of the smallpox epidemic of last year. A case developed in Chinatown and it was concealed from the health officer and sanitary inspector. They tried all their persuasive powers first, then made a search of their own and finally decided to use threats. They went to the president and secretary of the Chinese benevolent society and told them if the patient was not delivered over immediately they would place a general quarantine on the entire block where the case was developed. Within a few hours the patient was delivered to the authorities and taken away for proper care. There the matter did not end, however. The friends of the man affected had an idea that the officers of the benevolent society should have continued to keep the matter concealed and were enraged at them. They took their revenge in a quiet way. A couple of days later the officers each received a letter through the mail. Each letter contained a smallpox scab. The letters expressed the pleasant hope that the scabs would scatter disease and death to them and their heirs and assigns forever. Both packets were burned, and luckily no infection was spread by the tender missives.

Married this Morning.

The marriage of Miss Mary Ann Deasy to Second Officer Burns, of the steamer City of Kingston, took place at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral this morning. Rev. Father Nicolaye celebrated mass and performed the ceremony. Miss Sophie Smith was bridesmaid and Mr. W. J. Deasy best man. Thos. Deasy, chief of the fire department, gave away the bride, his sister.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE SALE

BLANKETS

Grey Wool—7 lbs., $2.75; 8 lbs. $3.25.
White (ALL WOOL)—6 lbs., $2.95; 7 lbs., $3.75; 8 lbs. $4.25.
A better quality, full size, at $6.50. This is a splendid Blanket.
The best in the city, extra large size, all pure wool, $7.50.

WADDED COMFORTS

At 50c., 75c., 95c., $1.35 and $1.50.
Real Eider Down Quilts from $6.50.

These Goods are Seasonable and Fine Value.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

No afternoon passenger train to-day.

The Esquimalt and Fort street cars are running.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society will give a social Thursday, 23rd inst.

A sleighing party was upset in the snow near the Jubilee Hospital yesterday afternoon.

Seghers Council, Y.M.I., repeats the Rose of Ettrick Vale and its concert to-night, at Philharmonic Hall.

The next monthly social and dance of the Germania Club will be held at Harmony Hall, on Tuesday evening.

The outfit of the Turkish Baths Co., on Yates street, was sold to James Hastie yesterday for $235. It was a public sale.

The steamer Constance took a party composed of employees of Robert Ward & Co. to Sooke this afternoon on a hunting trip.

The Germania Club will give a dance in Harmony Hall, Tuesday evening. A good committee has the affair in hand and everything necessary to make it a pleasant one is being done.

A considerable portion of the tram lines were cleared up to-day, and the entire system will soon be in operation. Cars are now running out to Jubilee Hospital and the Yates and Douglas street lines are being cleared up.

Warren P. Skillings, of Seattle, who was one of the five successful architects in the Government building competition, and also has plans in for the final competition, is in the city. Yesterday was the last day set for receiving the revised plans, but it is not known when the awards will be made.

Messrs. Nicholles & Renouf are advertising a germicide which is sure death to all insect pests that infest orchards. It also "goes for" fungus in a particularly fatal manner. All who have bewailed the loss of valuable plants, shrubs and fruit trees through these pests have now a chance for revenge.

Sandhead Buoys.

Capt. Walbran, of the Dominion service, who was in Vancouver yesterday, reports that the bell buoy at the Sandheads, reported missing, is still in its proper position, but turned over, no doubt through the late severe weather and the accumulation of snow and ice in the framework supporting the bell. The Captain of the City of Nanaimo, who has been in the Fraser during the last few days, reports all the buoys correct over the Sandheads, with the exception of Nos. 9 black and 5 red, the former having been drifted towards No. 8 black, and the latter to the westward of its proper position.

What to do With Afognak.

Max Pracht, U.S. government agent for Alaska, has been commissioned by his government to lay out the fish reserve at Afognak Island, decided to be made by a recent act of congress. It is understood that the establishment of the reserve will necessitate the removal of the cannery at Afognak, and the whole business is looked upon as unnecessary, as the waters of Alaska fairly swarm with fish. The matter has been directly attacked by some of the American papers

Referred to the Court.

A deputation of the property owners assessed by the city, under the local improvement by-law, for the opening of Broad street from Pandora to Cormorant street, waited on Attorney-General Davie to-day with reference to being relieved from the assessment. The Attorney-General referred them to the courts. Some action will probably be taken next week.

The New Bishop.

A London dispatch of Monday last makes the statement that the Archbishop of Canterbury has appointed March 25th for the consecration of Rev. W. W. Perrin, the new Bishop of Columbia. The ceremony will take place in Westminster Abbey.

Glasgow beef hams and finnan haddie by express at Jameson's, 33 Fort St.

A large assortment of valentines at J. Johnston & Co.'s.

God Bless the man who first invented sleep—Sancho Panza.

Also his brother who first built beds—Anon.

In childhood's happy hours it mattered little whether we reposed upon a pillow or a plank. But now arrived at years of wealth and wakefulness what once was a luxury now proves a necessity. A broad springy mattress, a pillow sweet and plump, neat draperies to exclude the balmy British Columbia Breezes,—these are modern essentials.

New Goods opening Daily.
Bed Room Suites in Pine, Oak, Ash, Walnut, Mahogany.
Combination Folding Beds in the newest designs.

The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co'y.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

BANK OF BRIT SH COLUMBIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£200,000 $1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1ye W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

RUNNING ON THE SNOW.

Snowshoeing is a Very Exhilarating Sport Among the People of Norway.

The Wonderful Facility With Which They Glide Over Drifts and Leap Precipices.

It seems strange how little the fascinating sport of snowshoeing is known here. It is scarcely ever thought of except in connection with some hunting expedition through the wilds of snowy forests. It must be admitted that such clumsy affairs

MAIL CARRIER.

as the snowshoes used by our people and by the Indians are scarcely adapted to any coasting or trials of speed, as they are simply intended to prevent the wearer from sinking too deep in the snow.

In Scandinavia, especially in Norway, the snowshoes are of an entirely different construction and used as a matter of necessity as well as pleasurable recreation. At a first glance an uninitiated person, accustomed to the Canadian snowshoe, would unhesitatingly pronounce the Norwegian product an unwieldy affair.

The fact is just the reverse. Snowshoes, or as they are called the "ski," used in Sweden and Norway are long, narrow strips of wood from three to four inches in breadth and eight to twelve feet long, sometimes even longer. They ought to be one inch in thickness, at the center under the foot and gradually beveled off to about a quarter of an inch at either end. In front they are curved upward and pointed, and they are often a little turned up at the back end too. The sides are more or less parallel, though the best forms have their greatest width in front, just where the upward curve begins; otherwise they are straight and flat and the under surface is made as smooth as possible. About the center of the "ski" is a loop for the toe made of leather or other suitable substance, and a band which passes from this around behind the heel of the shoe. The object of this fastening is to make the "ski" and the foot as rigid as possible for steering purposes, while the heel is allowed to rise freely from the "ski" at all times.

There is no reason why any American boy should not be able to make himself a pair of first-class "ski." The material used is Scotch fir, birch as well as elm, ash, oak, aspen and maple. Ash is in great favor with the Christiania "ski" runners, but the peasants prefer a peculiar kind of pine grown on the edge of bogs.

Dr. Nansen, the arctic explorer, is a very skillful "ski" runner and an enthusiast for this kind of sport. "Of all the sports in Norway," says the doctor, "running on the 'ski' is the most national and characteristic, and as practiced in Sweden and in its sister country it takes a position in the very first rank of the sports of the world. There is no form of sport which so evenly develops the muscles, which renders the body so strong and elastic, which teaches so thoroughly the qualities of dexterity and resource. There is no sport which in an equal degree calls for decision and resolution, and which gives the same vigor and exhilaration to mind and body alike. Where," exclaims Dr. Nansen, "can one find a healthier and purer delight than when on a brilliant winter's day you bind your 'ski' to your feet and take to the forest, hills or fields covered with glistening snow. Where will one find more freedom or excitement than when gliding swiftly down the hillside through the trees, the cheek brushed by the sharp cold air and frosted pine branches, and your eye, brain and muscles alert, prepared to meet every unknown obstacle and danger which the next instant may be thrown in your path?"

In the mountain valleys of Sweden and Norway boys and girls are by their very surroundings forced to take to their "ski" almost as soon as they can walk. Through the whole long winter till late in the spring the snow is ever present. In many of the valleys there are few roads or ways of any kind, and one or all, men, women or children alike, whom business takes away from the cottage must travel on their "ski." The boy has scarcely reached the age of breeches before he knows the point of a pair of "ski," what a good bit of wood should look like, etc. Little tots, 3 or 4 years old are often seen struggling with their "ski." To school, which is generally held in winter season, the children go on their "ski," and the teacher often takes the whole band for a "ski" picnic when the weather is particularly inviting.

PLEASURE TRIP.

The management of the "ski" is comparatively easy after a few trials. They are driven forward by a stride or slide, they are not lifted and the tendency which the beginner feels to tramp away with them, as if he were on mud boards in the middle of a marsh, must be strenuously resisted. All "ski" runners carry a stout staff which is used to steady himself and increase the stride. Some idea of the speed can be gained when an ordinary "ski" runner is expected to maintain a gait of eight or nine miles an hour for a very considerable length of time.

The longest race on "ski" was organized by Nordenskjold some years ago in Swedish Lapland. The distance—nearly one hundred and forty miles—was covered by the winner in less than twenty-two hours, rests included. A Lapp took the prize, but did not have much time to spare, as the second man, a Lapp 40 years old, came in only five seconds later. In a recent race at the great "meet" in Christiania the course was thirty-two miles, laid out over very hilly ground and including all kinds of difficulties calculated to test the competitors' skill. This race was won by a peasant in less than five hours.

One great feature of this "ski" sport, that requires both courage and great skill, is the ability to take long flying leaps. The jumping is done from steep hillsides, with a slope of 40 degrees or more. In the middle of the hill a bank is built if there should not happen to be a projecting rock to answer the purpose. The jumper slides from the top of the hill down to this projection, which, on account of the terrific speed already attained, throws him far out in the air. In this way a leap of seventy to ninety feet may be cleared. One man has a record of jumping ninety-nine feet and to have kept his balance when he landed. The perpendicular fall of such jumps is often fully forty feet, the height of an ordinary three-story dwelling. This comparison will give some idea of the tremendous leaps a skillful "ski" runner is able to make. And this is not enough. At the tournaments he is also required to show his skill by turning his "ski" to one side or other at given marks and to be able to stop short before any given obstacle. All this must be done at full speed while descending the steep course.

This salutary and delightful sport, violent though it seems, is not at all exhausting. At the minor "meets" there are numerous entries for young women and girls, who enter heart and soul in the fun. To see the rosy-cheeked maidens in their attractive costumes, with their eyes sparkling

JUMPING.

with excitement as they shoot down the glittering snow with lightning speed, is as pretty a picture as anyone can wish to see.

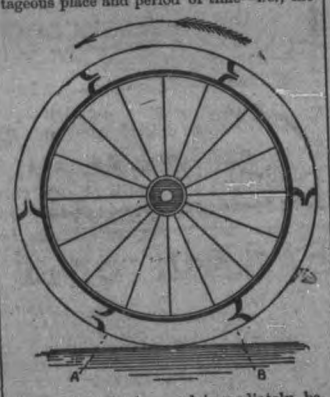
But it is not for sport alone the "ski" is used in Scandinavia. Both in Sweden and Norway the "ski" have been introduced in the army. It has been found that in times of war a corps of soldiers equipped with these could harass and overcome an enemy far easier than if compelled to march the usual way through a snow-covered country where roads are an unknown luxury. These "ski" corps are kept in active practice during the winter season. Mail carriers are all provided with their "ski" and can be seen sliding through the villages with great animation.

Hunting on "ski" is indulged in as a matter of course. Hare hunting is a favorite amusement in this line, as it involves great speed. No true sportsman in the north kills the hare by shooting, but tries to run it down on his "ski" and knock it over with a short club. Reindeer, elk and wolf are also pursued and killed by hunters on their "ski."

AN ACCELERATING ATTACHMENT.

Is This an Improvement Upon the Pneumatic Tire?

The resilience and feeling action of the pneumatic tire accounts for its freedom from sharp vibration—that potent destroyer of high speed—at the most advantageous place and period of time—i.e., the



place of beginning and immediately before the vibration can reach the wheel, the frame, and the rider; and this in turn accounts for the speedy and easy riding qualities of this popular tire. The claim has been made and argued that the pneumatic is an accelerating tire because of the rebound of the confined air at the tread. This is as clearly fallacious, as the reflex action is exactly equal in both the forward and the rearward direction.

Ordinarily when pressure, due to weight of rider, is upon a wheel provided with the pneumatic tire, the confined air compresses, moving equally in both directions from the point of contact with supporting surface. The simple arrangement of rubber valves shown in the cut allows the air to move in only one direction, which is always from the forward contact with supporting surface. Does this effect a certain amount of collapsability of tire at a, the front side of contact, which will not exist at b, the rear of said contact?

To make the philosophy of it clear and assist the reasoning so that the action will not be confounded with the mechanical principle of reaction which one is apt to do at first glance, imagine the following conditions: Tire partially inflated; valve at a held closed by thumb and finger; weight is put upon wheel, then clearly the air in compartment p is under higher compression than any of the other compartments. Suddenly release this valve, is it not then obvious that the wheel will take on a rolling tendency in the direction indicated by the arrow?—G. D. Mott, Passaic, N. J., in The Wheel.

Argumentum ad Feminam.

Old Brute: There is but one way to get the best of a woman in an argument.

Young Brute: What is that?

Old Brute: State your side, and then laugh so loud that she can't make herself heard.

Special Montreal Advertisements.

STEEL RAILS (New & Best Seconds.)
CEMENT, WASTE, STEEL & IRON FILES, ETC. ETC.
WALTER TOWNSEND,
MONTREAL.
AGENT FOR BOLLING & LOWE, LONDON, ENG.

MOTHERS Ask for and see that you get
Dawson's Chocolate Creams.
25c. PER BOX at all Druggists the Great Worm Remedy.
Being in the Form of a CHOCOLATE CREAM Children never refuse them.

PRODUCTS OF THE
GRANDE CHARTREUSE
Liquors of the Convent and Elixirs.
Gen'l Agency & Depot
Cie. Gen'le des Bazars.
Selling Agents,
C. A. Choulilou & Cie.
12 & 14 ST. JOHN ST.
Beware of imitations.

THOS. FIRTH & SONS
(LIMITED)
NORFOLK WORKS, SHEFFIELD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL
For Axes, Tools, Taps, Dies; also, Spring Steel, Locomotive Tires and Mild Steel Castings
JAMES HUTTON & CO., AGENTS FOR CANADA,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO. 5

DRINK
The Famous **Tamilkande**

Over One Hundred Million Pounds of these blends consumed annually in Great Britain.
SOLD BY HENRY SAUNDERS.
SIMON LEISER, WHOLESALE AGENT.

Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing; prevents blow holes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $28.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.
Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. del-6m

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

To Rent.

ONE OF THE FINEST OFFICES IN THE CITY

Splendid location. On ground floor, Five Sisters Block. Large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. ticket office. oct12-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m29-tf 56 Third street Victoria

STEAMBOATS.

THE
Northern Pacific
STEAMSHIP COMPANY
IN CONNECTION WITH
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
Railroad Company,
the Shortest Route to
Japan and China.
Proposed Sailing of Steamers:
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)
WILL LEAVE VICTORIA
S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th
And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.
For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Royal Mail Steamship Line.
THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE
TO CHINA AND JAPAN.
TABLE OF SAILING.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
Empress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	Apr. 24, "
Empress of China..	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India ..	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan..	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China..	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India ..	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India ..	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.
This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.
TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.
For full particulars apply to
ALLAN CAMERON, Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B. C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after August 23rd, 1892,
Steamer JOAN will call as follows:
(CALLING AT WAY PORTS)
Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Transfer Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,
For Honolulu,
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, Feb. 15, 1893, 2 p.m.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
Monowai.....FRIDAY, March 3rd, 1893 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
no2 General Agents.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 7 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - - Feb. 18
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE No. 17,
Taking effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ledner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Mande leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLTON, General Agent.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
	Ar. 12.24 P M	Ar. 6.58 P M		VICTORIA		Dr. 8.30 A M	Dr. 2.30 P M	
	" 12.20	" 6.54	1	RUSSLAY		" 8.34	" 2.34	1
	" 12.10	" 6.44	11	GOLDSTREAM		" 8.44	" 2.44	11
	" 11.45 A M	" 6.20	18	SUMMIT SIDING		" 9.00	" 3.00	18
	" 11.10	" 4.50	29	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		" 9.45	" 4.35	29
	" 10.50	" 4.14	34	COBBLE HILL		" 9.51	" 4.41	34
	" 10.27	" 3.53	39	McPHERSONS		" 9.57	" 4.47	39
	" 10.17	" 3.37	42	KOKSILAH		" 10.07	" 4.57	42
	" 10.12	" 3.34	44	DUNCANS		" 10.12	" 5.02	44
	" 10.02	" 3.19	49	CHEMAINUS		" 10.22	" 5.12	49
	" 9.15	" 2.55	62	OYSTER BAY SIDING		" 10.45	" 5.39	62
	" 8.55	" 2.14	72	NANAIMO		" 11.05	" 5.53	72
	" 8.25	Dr. 1.40	89	WELLINGTON		Ar. 11.40	Ar. 6.14	89
						Lv. 12.15 P M	Lv. 6.20	
						Ar. 12.45 P M	Ar. 6.30	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oct1

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS
THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	...‡Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	...Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			Ar	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	3 00 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‡Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or

INCIDENTS OF FOREIGN TRAVEL.

An Interesting Visit to the Old Monks' Haunts of Great Skellig Rock.

The Scotch People Are Not Now Given to Much Drinking, as Commonly Supposed.

LONDON, Jan. 30, 1893.—I wonder how many Americans ever visited the famous Skelligs of the southwest coast of Ireland? They are the most southwesterly extensions of Ireland; are three in number; and lie in a direct line southwest of Port Magee. The first, and the least, is called Lemon Rock. It is a round, solid mass rising only a few feet above the water. The second and next larger is called Little, or Lesser Skellig, and is a craggy grouping of rocky pinacles, standing grim and black against the sky; as though some city of churches with wondrous steeples had been submerged, rearing above the waves their mighty Gothic spires, among which millions of sea-birds had found their desolate homes.

The third, the Great Skellig, is precisely nine miles at sea from Port Magee. It is an enormous and precipitous mass of rock rising perpendicularly at nearly all angles to the height of several hundred feet, and from thence pushing skyward stupendous irregular groups, terminating in two lofty pinnacles, the highest of which reaches an altitude of 710 feet. It is said that the ocean soundings around it are far deeper than those in any part of the English channel; and at no other point upon the whole Atlantic are witnessed such awful battles between wave and stone. The base of the only lighthouse now in use upon Great Skellig stands upon a levelled rock, 140 feet above the sea, and the roof of this lofty structure was a few years ago crushed in and partly carried away by the assaults of the waves, which must have been lifted upwards of 180 feet above the sea-level to have been dashed upon it!

A determination to land upon and scale Great Skellig rock is more easily formed than is the project performed; for certain destruction attends attempted landing, save when old ocean may be caught napping and for a few hours quite at rest. Every day for nearly a week, with a Kerry fisherman friend, I arose before day and tramped to the cliffs below Port Magee for fortcast of wind, weather and sea. At last a propitious day came. With my friend and three of his hardy companions we set forth in a strong open boat with the outgoing tide from the tiny pier of the port, and without stroke of oar were soon sweeping through the southern entrance of the harbor of Valentia.

The sea was perfectly calm as we left the channel, save where imperceptible distant swells, massing upon the half-hidden ledge that protects the harbor entrance, flung glittering spume and spray landward behind us. Over to the west, Bray Head rose precipitously 1000 feet out of the water. Beyond this, innumerable fishers' sails blended like a huge on-coming surge at the edge of the horizon. To the left, grim headlands stretched away in dark projections to far Bolus Head; and the long, regular stroke of the oarsmen soon sped us past Puffin Island. In an hour and a half, we were alongside Lemon Island, lying like some sleeping half-hidden monster to our right; and in two hours' time we had come abreast of Little Skellig.

Here we are favored with a characteristic sight. This island is the only one off the Irish coast where the puffin haunts and breeds in countless numbers. Taking advantage of the placid sea, perhaps three score coastwise folk were here seeking these fowl within the fissures and clefts of the crags. Many aerial battles between men slung with ropes from dangerous heights and the birds they were mercilessly seeking, were seen in progress as we passed. The eggs and flesh of the puffin are eaten; their feathers are dried and sold; and a trifling traffic is carried on in pickled or cured puffins, which are exchanged for potatoes and meal with the country folk of the Iveragh wilds.

At last the great Skellig was reached, and we made a landing without difficulty at the only spot upon which foot can be set from the sea. I begged the boatmen to climb the crags with me, but they shook their heads gravely and refused. The reason for this, as related by my fisher friend who consented to accompany me, was on account of certain portentious superstitions the peasantry and fishermen tenaciously hold regarding the spot. The only human beings now living upon Great Skellig are those having charge of the lighthouse.

But more than a thousand years ago, hundreds, if not thousands, passed their lives in religious devotions upon this wild sea mountain; for this place was then the St. Michael's Mount of Ireland. Its history was luminous even in the earliest days of Christianity in Erin. A majestic monastery once stood in the little valley between the two lofty peaks of the island. From the single landing place, 620 stone steps, many portions of which remain, led to the monastery, the great cashel, the oratories, the stone cells, the ancient burial place, and many unrecorded structures which the incalculable toil and zealous consecration of a remote age grouped within this sacred spot. Easily traced remains of nearly all these structures still exist; and fragments of gigantic crosses here and there push through the strange debris, whose contemplation cannot but send a thrill through the least impressive heart.

Far, far above this tens of thousands of pilgrims in the intervening centuries have climbed. Near the top of the highest pinnacle one must squeeze through a narrow orifice called the Needle's Eye, in order to follow their olden painful way. Just beyond this is a narrow ridge or saddle of solid rock. One must get astride this and work along with legs and hands until an ascending shelving rock is reached. The danger here is terrible. One false movement, and you are plunged headlong into the sea from either side. From this to the highest point any fairly sure-footed man may pass securely to the slender yard-wide summit, along which are found rudely-sculptured crosses, or stations.

I have been in some eerie spots in my travels, but never before have I stood where such sense of sublimity mingled with awe-inspiring insecurity possessed me. On three sides you look down a black, straight line of over 700 feet into the ocean. Behind and below you are the solemn ruins of remote ages. Far to the north and east is the wierd, sea-walled coast. Your own land is 2000 miles beyond those white specks of fisher-boats to the west. Around and above you are only the palpable clouds, and ghostly whistle of darting sea-bird's wing. The solemn grandeur and awful impressiveness of the place are appalling.

The descent was more dangerous than the climbing; but we accomplished it safely, re-entered the boat and made for Port Magee. I never wish to see Great Skellig again—unless from the deck of an Atlantic steamer, when a sight of it as the first glimpse of Europe is occassionally had; and as we rounded the reef into the safe channel, while night was softly descending, and the lights from a thousand mackerel-fishers' boats gleamed along the western horizon, I turned with a sigh of relief from this tremendous and desolate terror of the deep, to welcoming land, as from some hideous phantom of unhappy dreams.

Valletta, the chief city in Malta, is never silent save in the early morning hours. Then it is like a city of the dead; but always sweet and cool and winsome. At that time if you are abroad alone, the silent churches, the huge auberges, the tremendous ramparts, the vast archways, the dim porticoes and the shadowy balconies seem to whisper anew their tales of romance old, their mysteries of chivalrous and knightly days.

But soon from this patio, from that narrow thoroughfare, another silent archway, from huge barred doors that open and close with a startling click, come funeral forms, clad in sombre black. They glide along with bowed heads. Their advent has been so sudden and their number is at once so great that you are filled with surprise and dismay. But these do not remain.

For a soft and delicate hand, as if by accident, with a swift motion changes the folds of the faldetta, and the pretty faces, of half a thousand Maltese maids and matrons are one by one turned roguishly or kindly to yours. Then you realize that the faithful fair of Valletta are on their way to early mass, and you stand there, hat in hand, yourself a reverent worshipper, mentally blessing one and all for piety and pretty gracious ways.

In the vast geography and panorama of travel certain places and objects take on special typification and significance. At least this is true in my own experience as a wanderer. I never see in any port a little, squatty, high-pooped brig with its two, tiny, square-rigged masts, but my mind instantly reverts to Barcelona and the sunny harbors of the Riviera. A basket of eggs in a grocer's window no longer recalls the boyhood farm days but a certain barren ledge upon the western sea wall of Fitful Head, where beneath the deafening screams of sea fowl I saw not thousands but millions of sea fowl eggs. The faintest odor of sugar or syrup brings back the screeching of ships' wenches as oceans of murky sweets are being stowed in holds in the harbor of Havana. An emigrant Russian Jew in his quaint, patriarchial habit, flashes back upon my mind the dumb suffering of these folk in Cracow. Any muffled Italian shivering over his charcoal stove and tray of chestnuts wafts to my imagination the odor of the steaming polenta or brings again to sight the fair chestnut groves of Lombardy and Tuscany; and so on through an infinite reach of suggestive seeming and association.

But the most dreamful, mystic, almost pathetic suggestiveness always comes with picture or sight of the palm tree. Cuba, Spain, Majorca, Malta, Morocco, Algeria always return with this emblem of dolorous isolation and inexpressible loneliness. It hints of the camel, the Bedouin, the desert. In art, in story, in fact, it ever suggests the endless hopelessness and impassibility of the barriers between the races that subsist upon and rest beneath it, and those who know and love the maple, beech and oak.

I wish to record a conclusion from extended observation in favor of the lowly women of Scotland. We have all read much in books, and in the prints where names are not often enough signed to sweeping generalizations regarding foreign people, to the effect that lowly women of Scotch towns and cities are all wofully addicted to drink. I do not believe it.

They drink, but neither do all nor even any important percentage indulge in liquor at all. Those who do, often get "cheery," and no doubt they would be better off without it. But I have never seen a Scotch woman, high or low, in or out of Scotland, even in the most wretched wynds and closes of Edinburgh or Glasgow, approaching that emphatic condition termed "fighting drunk."

So, too, I am inclined to believe that the drinking prowess of Scotchmen has been greatly exaggerated. Scotch literature, especially that portion giving expression to Scotch life and customs of a century ago, is certainly full of the humor and pathos of drunkenness. Perhaps Scotchmen were drinkers of valor then; but there is not a more moderate and well ordered people to-day. The old drinking bouts of the clan chiefs, and, later, of the small nobility and country notables are no more. From the great St. Andrew feasts down through the countless grades of social festival and cheer to the simple heart-lightenings of the fisher folk, beside the wild sea-lochs, who were once almost savage in their thirst for strong drink, guzzling and drunkenness are almost unknown. "Tay"—and oceans of this—"the cup that cheers but not inebriates" has almost universally displaced the fiery *usquebaugh* of old.

If a fondness for liquor lingers in Scotland as a class peculiarity, it still holds among those "children of the mist," those impetuous, canny, though ever winsome Highlanders of the North. In my wanderings among them I have found one curious characteristic. They are born religious disputants. Warm up the cockles of their hearts with a drop of peat whiskey, and they are masters of polemics. It is then that they will stoutly assert that Adam spoke Gaelic and that the Bible was originally written in Gaelic. As a Highland clergyman of Strathglass once told me: "One glass makes them doctrinal enthusiasts; two sets them expounding every point upon 'Justification,' 'Adoption' and 'Sanctification' in an ecstacy of argumentative frenzy; and, I sometimes think, with another, they would stop on their way into heaven and hotly engage St. Peter himself!"

Many anecdotes are still related in the north of Scotland concerning the drinking habits of the Highlanders. One old shepherd of Glen Affric fell ill and was cut down by his physician to an allowance of two ounces of whiskey per day, on pain of death if this should be exceeded. Wholly ignorant of the exact quantity, yet ruminatively whimpering over his misfortune, he stealthily called his grandson to his bedside and asked:

"Bobby, d'ye ken yer tables, noo?"

"Ay, gran'fay'r, n' try me then?"

"Hoo mickle be twa ounces, noo?"

"Twa ounces? — twa ounces! Hoot! Saxteen drachms mak th' ounce; sax—"

"Twa times saxteen drams th' day!" shouted the sick man uproariously. "The Lord de praised for sic a ceevil dochter!"

Another Highlander had been brought to his death-bed from exposure and hard drinking. His tearful family and the minister stood by the bedside praying for some token of repentance in his last moments. The minister noticing a strange light in his eyes bent over him and eagerly enquired:

"Sandy, Sandy, what is the greatest wish of your soul?"

"For a mighty Loch Lommond of whuskey!"

The minister was staggered, but almost pitifully continued his entreaty with, "But what is the second? Oh, mon, mon, remember eternity!"

"Oh, ay, guid meenister," gasped Sand faintly; "for—anither—Loch—Lommond—o'—whuskey!"

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

An Astonishing Occurrence!

In a Large and Influential District.

Another Life Saved

Particulars of the Rescue Already Known By Thousands.

THE SAVED MAN TELLS HIS STORY

A. E. HAMMOND.

The story of the rescue from death of Mr. A. E. Hammond, the well-known carriage builder of Mansonville, P. Q., needs no elaborate introduction. His own letter fully sets forth the value of the wonderful remedy that renewed his life. Mr. Hammond writes as follows:

"Some five years ago it was my sad misfortune to be afflicted with scrofula sores, of which I had five on one leg and three on the other. They were running sores for four years. In addition to this I was taken down with rheumatism in the small of my back so badly that I could not get off my bed; and to further intensify my sufferings, I had sick headache in the worst form.

While in this condition, a friend of mine, Mr. Perkins, a merchant of this place, sold me a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, with the express understanding that if it did me no good I should pay nothing for it.

In accepting this offer, I had no idea of feeling under any obligation to pay for the Compound, as I had no faith in its doing me good. To my very great surprise, however, I grew better; and by the time I had used three bottles I was as well as ever, and what I never expected to see was realized, viz: the sores on my legs were entirely healed.

It would mean the use of pages to tell one-half of what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. This marvellous cure has been in effect for nearly a year.

There are many other cases of wonderful cures in this locality from the use of the same great agency; and no case of failure has ever been recorded, nor can there ever be one in my opinion after such tests as I have personally witnessed. I am 36 years of age, and have always lived in this place."

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street

If you only knew how nice it is—Tamilkande Tea.

Large line of lace curtins in white and ecru just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

AUCTION SALES.

JOHNSON & CO.

ARE THE AUCTIONEERS TO CONSULT

If you want to sell Realty, Furniture, Steamboat, Launch, Vessel, or Merchandise of any and every kind.

Will sell on commission or advance money.

58 BROAD STREET

ja4-tf

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the mos economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnag are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL,
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
Telephone 182.
38 FORT STREET.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

YOUNG BROS.

Plant Ferry's Seeds
and reap a rich harvest. They are always reliable, always in demand, always the best.
FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL
For 1893 is invaluable to every Planter. It is an encyclopædia of the latest farming information from the highest authorities. Mailed Free.
D. M. FERRY & CO. WINDSOR, Ont.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

GOING TO

Jewelers or so-called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the
ONLY OPTICIANS
F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
ORT STREET

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pand streets
VICTORIA B. C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE that we, William Gordon Stevenson and John Boyd Jones, shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by us at the premises known as the Pritchard House, situate on the north-east corner of Government and Yates Streets, in the City of Victoria, upon portion of Victoria City Lot No. 162, to John Boyd Jones, of Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors by retail at the said premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1893.
WILLIAM GORDON STEVENSON.
JOHN BOYD JONES.

NOTICE.

Came to the farm of the undersigned in Lake District about a month ago, a black and white cow, branded S. A. on left hip and split in right ear. If the same is not claimed and all expenses paid in ten days from the date of this notice, she will be sold by public auction.
GEO. LINDSAY, Sr.
Feb'y 6th, 1893.—10t

NOTICE.

In City Pound:—One sorrel horse, star on forehead, white streak on nose, brand Y on hip; also one iron grey mare; will be sold at City Pound by auction, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock noon, February 22nd, if not redeemed and pound charges paid before that date.
ANDREW SHAW,
Feb. 6th, 1893.—td Pound Keeper.

To the Board of Licensing Commissioners:

I, the undersigned Frederick James Dawley, of the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a license to sell wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building used or intended to be used for an hotel, and containing upwards of thirty rooms, and which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets, in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1893.
td FREDERIC JAMES DAWLEY.

"Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1873, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to Robert Dudgeon and Harry Brice, of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 31st day of January, 1893.
W. J. HAMBLY,
ja31-1m F. W. GILBERT.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of March next for a license to sell wines spirits, and other liquors in the hotel premises situate on Lot 129, Block B, Store street, Victoria, and known as the "Janion Hotel," which hotel contains fifty rooms.

JOHN TURNER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1893.
ja31

NOTICE.

Two bay horses have been running in the enclosures on the ranch of the undersigned at Pike Lake, Highland District. If the same are not claimed in 10 days from the date of this notice, and all expenses paid, they will be sold by public auction. Both horses are branded. Application to be made at 51 Langley Street, Victoria.

HENRY DUMBLETON.
January 21st, 1893.—tf

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890."

Notice is hereby given that Edward Black Carmichael and James Paterson, both of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, carrying on business under the firm name of "Carmichael & Paterson" as dealers in boots and shoes, have assigned all their real and personal property (except as in the assignment reserved) to Henry Meyers Yates of the said City of Victoria, Insurance Agent, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying the claims of all creditors of the said Carmichael & Paterson rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority. The said deed is dated the 12th day of January, A.D. 1893, and was executed by the said Assignors and the said Trustees on the 12th day of January, A.D. 1893.

YATES, JAY & RUSSELL,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria B. C.,
Solicitors for the Trustee.
Dated this 15th day of January, A.D. 1893.
ja13-1m

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja19-1m

The Stanley House

NOTWITHSTANDING the big sales advertised by some of the merchants, we are doing a good business and will continue to do so, for the simple reason that every one who examines our Stock can see at once that the goods are as cheap (except the lines that are cheaper) as any house in the City.

Our Winter Stock, such as Jackets, Millinery, Furs and Heavy Dress Goods, we are selling regardless of cost at prices below anything before offered.

The celebrated Bretange and Gascogne Kid Gloves, manufactured by Perrin, Freres & Co., (the acknowledged best Kid Glove manufactured in the world) we are selling at $1.00 and $1.25, every pair of which we guarantee.

To make room for the large stock now being purchased by MR. HAMPSON in Europe, we will offer for the next 30 days some of the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices ever seen in Victoria Do not fail to see our Stock before making your purchases.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

oc8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C

Something For Spring.

Now that Victoria is awaking from the lagarthy of a severe winter you should get some neat Spring Circulars from the

VICTORIA PRINTING COMPANY,

67½ GOVERNMENT STREET.

Argyle House.

10 per cent. Discount off all kinds of Blankets.

J. Horner & Co.

You

Need a pair of Gum Boots or Rubbers, to protect you from the "beautiful" —as it is called by people who don't have to shovel sidewalks.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner of Government and Johnson Streets, has the best assortment in the City.

Try Him.

Theodore Hook's Daughter in Need.

By a curious coincidence attention has been called to the existence in very poor circumstances of an aged daughter of Theodore Hook, just at a time when a proposal is on foot to commemorate the brilliant humorist by a stained glass window in the porch of Fulham Church, England, in the pretty "God's acre" of which he lies buried. Hook's only surviving child has, alas, fallen on evil days, and at upwards of 70 years of age finds herself in sorely straightened circumstances. It is not, happily, the English custom to allow the children of those who have won fame to suffer unaided the penalties of unavoidable misfortune, and it may be taken for granted that the same spirit of respect for a distinguished name which has led to the collection of funds for the memorial window and for the restoration of the famous writer's tomb will secure material help to his daughter in her poverty and old age. So far as Theodore Hook himself is concerned, it is certain that no posthumous honor that could be offered to him would compare—could he but know of it—with the timely aid which is asked for his indigent and almost friendless daughter.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

BIRTH.

LOCKHART—In this city, on Feb. 10th, the wife of C. B. Lockhart of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Competent woman wants situation in small family. Apply to W. A. M., TIMES Office. fe11-2t

VICTORIA WEST HALL.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS

MONDAY, Feb. 15

fe11-2t AT 8.15 p.m.

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Jackson Bennett, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease, bearing date the 9th day of February, A.D. 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Andrew Jackson Bennet, late of the District of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 9th day of March, A.D., 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

fe11-1w

C. P. N. CO. (LD.) STEAMER

MAUDE

ROBERTS, MASTER,

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf

—FOR—

Naas, Port Simpson and Way Ports

ON

Saturday, February 11th,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.

The Company reserves the right to change the above time table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.

ja31-td

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway.

The afternoon Passenger Trains on this Railway of Saturday and Sunday next, the 11th and 12th February, are cancelled.

JOSEPH HUNTEE,
Gen'l Supt.

fe10-2t

Notice o Removal.

The office of the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co. is removed to 104 Yates St.

WILLIAM BAINES,
Agent.

fe9-1m

CHURCH ORGANS.

The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the BEST for the least money. Prices from $300 to $3,000. If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send—(free)—complete specifications of a

PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN,

exactly suited to your needs. We are also prepared to build Church Organs for residences.—These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern home. We build in style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY,

State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Our factories produce upward of 100,000 musical instruments annually.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Balfour Puts His Foot in It and With Characteristic Adroitness Retracts.

Sir Henry James and Sir Charles Russell Discuss Hon. Mr. Morley's Doings.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—In the House of Commons to-day, Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, spoke at length in favor of extending the debate on the Address. After repeating his former arguments on this point, he reminded the House that when the Conservatives were in office the Liberals had insisted upon longer debates on the Address.

Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone questioned the correctness of Mr. Balfour's statement. A comparison of the records of the two governments would show, he said, the contrary to have been the case. The matter, however, was not of vital importance. He objected to the manner in which the extension of the debate had been introduced without previous notice.

Mr. Balfour replied that he had not only given notice, but had debated the question last evening when the right hon. gentleman opposite was more agreeably occupied.

The Liberal and Irish members answered this observation with cries of "shame" and jeers, which drowned the Opposition cheers.

Mr. Balfour paused until the confusion had subsided, and then added that he assumed the right hon. gentleman had been made acquainted with the circumstances of the debate through his colleague (Sir Wm. Harcourt). If the House was to be led by two gentlemen who never communicated with each other the proceedings would necessarily be conducted with considerable difficulty. (Cries of "Oh!" "Oh!")

When Mr. Gladstone rose to answer Mr. Balfour he was trembling, and in a voice shaken with anger he thundered out: "With due regard to circumstances and time I have endeavored to serve the House to the best of my ability. The right hon. member for East Manchester would have shown better taste, would have better fulfilled the duties of the post which he occupied, if he had spared the reference to my agreeable occupation."

Mr. Balfour began three times before his voice could be heard. Before he had spoken a dozen audible words the Irish members drowned his voice again with yells and shouts of "Oh!" "Oh!" "Coward!" and "Withdraw!" After several minutes of bediam,

Mr. Thomas O'Connor, anti-Parnellite, for the Scotland division of Liverpool, rose apparently to make a point of order, and Mr. Balfour yielded to him the floor and the disorder abated. Mr. O'Connor asked whether or not any question was before the House?

The Speaker replied that he understood Mr. Balfour wished to explain.

Amid renewed confusion Mr. Balfour made himself heard sufficiently to inform the House that he had not intended to hurt the feelings of the Prime Minister; in fact, the right hon. gentleman was the last person in the House whom he willingly would offend. This was received on all sides with prolonged cheers, which turned to laughter as Mr. Balfour added that the right hon. gentleman to whose more agreeable occupation he had referred was not the Prime Minister but one of his colleagues.

The House debated until early this morning the amendment of Mr. Arnold Foster, Liberal-Unionist for West Belfast, expressing regret that clerical intimidation had been exercised among the Irish voters, and urging the adoption of measures to prevent a repetition of such priestly interference.

The debate brought out some effective maiden speeches, to which Mr. Gladstone listened with evident interest and pleasure.

Sir Henry James, Liberal-Unionist for Bury, Lancashire, elicited Opposition cheers by contrasting the language of Mr. Morley, Irish Secretary, with that of Sir Charles Russell concerning clerical intimidation in Ireland, and he asked whether Mr. Morley was ready to characterize as cant the denunciatory utterances of the Attorney-General on this subject. The irony of fate, he said, had brought it to pass that Mr. Asquith, who denounced the clerical tactics in the Meath elections, must sit in the cabinet with Mr. Morley, who seemed ready to defend them.

In replying, Sir Charles Russell said this speech of Sir Henry James suggested to him Lord Ellenborough's speeches before the Catholic Emancipation. He reminded the Tories of "their joy at the Pope's encyclical, how they plucked Mgr. Persico's sleeve with one hand whilst they with the other beat the Orange drum." The amendment had exaggerated the question of clerical intimidation for the purpose of discrediting Home Rule.

After speeches by Justin McCarthy, leader of the anti-Parnellites, and Timothy Harrington, Parnellite for the Harbor division of Dublin, the amendment was rejected by a vote of 248 to 205.

The House will meet to-day for the continuation of the debate on the address, despite the fact that the Conservatives last night allowed the debate on the release of the Gweedor prisoners, which immediately preceded that of Mr. Arnold Fester's amendment fizzle, to end without a division. The Conservative newspapers are beginning to complain of the apathy of the Unionist whips, who they say are allowing the Government to get too large majorities.

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